



# **STIC Search Report**

## **Biotech-Chem Library**

**STIC Database Tracking Number: 94798**

**TO: David Lukton**

**Location:**

**Art Unit: 1653**

**May 29, 2003**

**Case Serial Number: 581511**

**From: P. Sheppard**

**Location: CM1-1E03**

**Phone: (703) 308-4499**

**sheppard@uspto.gov**

### **Search Notes**

2

Access DB# 94498

## SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: David Lukton Examiner #: 71263 Date: 05-22-03  
 Art Unit: 1653 Phone Number 308-3213 Serial Number: 09-581511  
 Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location: \_\_\_\_\_ Results Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAIL

MailBox: 9B01; Exr Rm: 9B05

If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need.

\*\*\*\*\*

Title of Invention: HEMIASTERLIN ANALOGS

Applicants: ANDERSEN, RAYMOND; PIERS, EDWARD; NIEMAN, JAMES;  
 COLEMAN, JOHN; ROBERGE, MICHEL

Earliest Priority Date: 12/19/97

\*\*\*\*\*

Applicants are claiming the compounds below

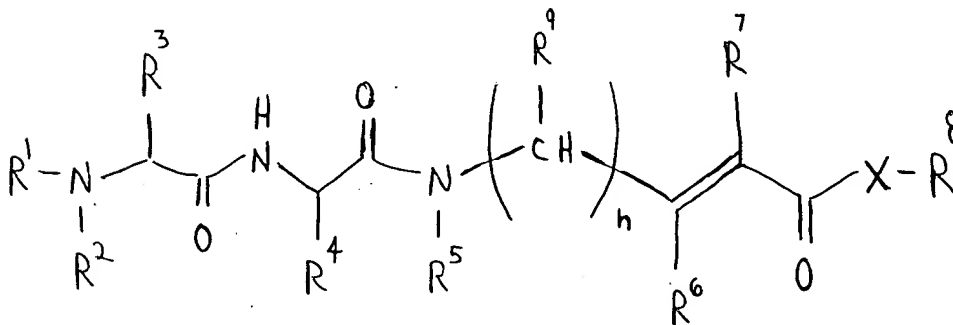
R1, R2, R4 = anything

R6, R7, R8, R9 = anything

R3 is anything other than the side chain of tryptophan (i.e., indole-methylene)R5 is anything other than hydrogen

X = -O- or -NH-

n = an integer of 0 - 2.



## STAFF USE ONLY

## Type of Search

## Vendors and cost where applicable

Searcher: _____	NA Sequence (#) _____	STN _____
Searcher Phone #: _____	AA Sequence (#) _____	Dialog _____
Searcher Location: _____	Structure (#) _____	Questel/Orbit _____
Date Searcher Picked Up: _____	Bibliographic _____	Dr. Link _____
Date Completed: <u>5/29/03</u>	Litigation _____	Lexis/Nexis _____
Searcher Prep & Review Time: _____	Fulltext _____	Sequence Systems _____
Clerical Prep Time: _____	Patent Family _____	WWW/Internet _____
Online Time: _____	Other _____	Other (specify) _____

=&gt; fil hcaplus

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:30:55 ON 29 MAY 2003

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 29 May 2003 VOL 138 ISS 22

FILE LAST UPDATED: 28 May 2003 (20030528/ED)

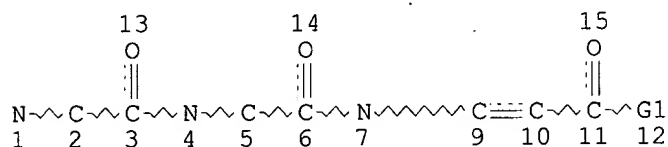
This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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L1 STR



VAR G1=O/N

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

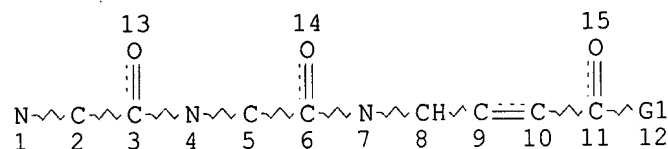
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 14

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L2 STR



VAR G1=O/N

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 15

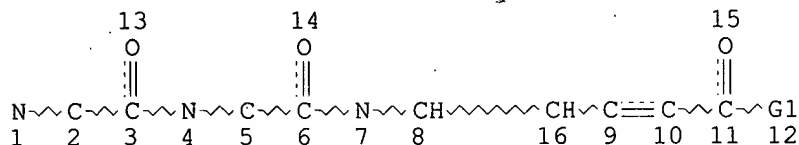
STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L3 654 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L1 OR L2

L4 SCR 2039 OR 2041 OR 2127 OR 2050 OR 2049 OR 2048 OR 2053 O

R 2052 OR 2051

L5 STR



VAR G1=O/N

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

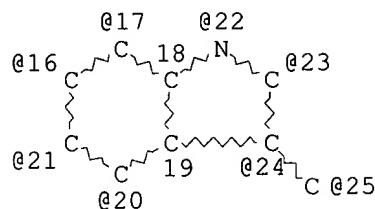
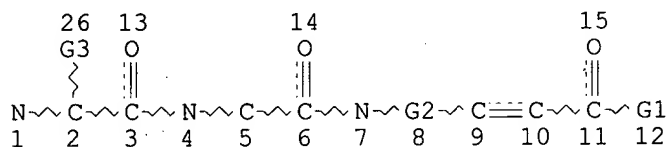
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 16

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L6 18 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L5 NOT L4

L8 STR



VAR G1=O/N

REP G2=(0-2) CH

VAR G3=16/17/22/23/24/20/21/25

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 26

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L11 672 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L3 OR L6

L13 635 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L11 SSS FUL (L1 OR L2 OR L5) NOT L8

L14 54 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L13

L15 31 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L14 AND PD&lt;DECEMBER 19, 1997

=&gt;

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=&gt; d ibib abs hitrn l15

L15 ANSWER 1 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:650062 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:290436

TITLE: Pseudo- and non-peptide bradykinin receptor antagonists

INVENTOR(S): Kyle, Donald James; Mavunkel, Babu Joseph;

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Chakravarty, Sarjavit; Lu, Zhijian  
 SOURCE: Scios Inc., USA  
 U.S., 40 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 353,426,  
 abandoned.  
 CODEN: USXXAM  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 7  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5817756	A	19981006	US 1995-401595	19950309
US 5444048	A	19950822	US 1993-118981	19930909 <--
US 5552383	A	19960903	US 1993-118550	19930909 <--
US 5541286	A	19960730	US 1994-281907	19940728 <--
US 5686565	A	19971111	US 1994-281904	19940728 <--
US 5610142	A	19970311	US 1995-416524	19950403 <--

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  
 US 1993-118550 A2 19930909  
 US 1993-118558 B2 19930909  
 US 1993-118981 A2 19930909  
 US 1993-119341 B2 19930909  
 US 1994-281904 A2 19940728  
 US 1994-281906 B2 19940728  
 US 1994-281907 A2 19940728  
 US 1994-281908 B2 19940728  
 US 1994-353426 B2 19941209  
 US 1992-957879 A2 19921008

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 129:290436

AB Pseudopeptides X-Y-Z (X = arginine or lysine residue, Y is a hydrophobic org. moiety having a nitrogen atom at the X-Y junction and a carbonyl group at the Y-Z junction, Z is an arrangement of atoms which inherently adopts a beta turn conformation and has a pos. charge near the distal end) were prepd. as bradykinin receptor antagonists. Thus, H-D-Arg-Arg-NH-p-C6H4N(COPh)CH2CONHCH2-o-C6H4CH:CHCH:CHCO-Arg-OH was prepd. and showed  $K_i = 36$  nM for binding of the human B2 bradykinin receptor.

IT 168824-56-4P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of pseudo- and non-peptide bradykinin receptor antagonists)

REFERENCE COUNT: 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=> d ibib abs hitrn 115 2-31

L15 ANSWER 2 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

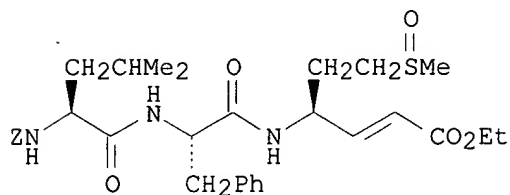
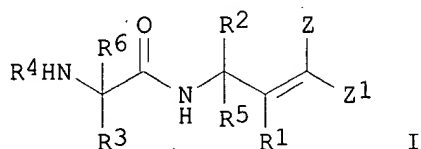
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:757024 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:13442  
 TITLE: Preparation of alkene pseudopeptides as picornavirus 3C protease inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Webber, Stephen E.; Dragovich, Peter S.; Prins, Thomas J.; Reich, Siegfried H.; Little, Thomas L., Jr.; Littlefield, Ethel S.; Marakovits, Joseph T.; Babine, Robert E.; Bleckman, Ted M.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Agouron Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 222 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

## PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9743305	A1	19971120	WO 1997-US8112	19970513 <--
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
US 5856530	A	19990105	US 1997-850398	19970502
CA 2254343	AA	19971120	CA 1997-2254343	19970513 <--
AU 9730059	A1	19971205	AU 1997-30059	19970513 <--
AU 722704	B2	20000810		
ZA 9704108	A	19980820	ZA 1997-4108	19970513
EP 910572	A1	19990428	EP 1997-924707	19970513
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 2000506903	T2	20000606	JP 1997-541076	19970513
KR 2000011019	A	20000225	KR 1998-709169	19981113
US 6214799	B1	20010410	US 1999-226205	19990107
US 6362166	B1	20020326	US 2000-689717	20001013
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1996-17666P	P 19960514
			US 1996-645687	A 19960514
			US 1997-850398	A 19970502
			WO 1997-US8112	W 19970513
			US 1999-226205	A3 19990107

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 128:13442

GI



AB Picornaviral 3C protease inhibitors I [R1 = H, F, alkyl, OH, SH, O-alkyl, S-alkyl; R2, R5 = independently H, XY1Al(B1)D1, alkyl group different from XY1Al(B1)D1, with the proviso that both R2 and R5 .noteq. H and when R2 or R5 = XY1Al(B1)D1, X = CH or CF and Y1 = CH or CF; R3, R6 = independently H, F, alkyl; ZR4 = H, OH, suitable org. group; Z, Z1 = independently H, F, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, etc; XY1 form 3-membered ring with Q1, Q1 = CR10R11, O, X = CH, CF, Y = CH, CF, C-alkyl; R10, R11 = independently H, halo, alkyl; CR10R11 = cycloalkyl,

heterocycloalkyl; X = CH<sub>2</sub>, CF<sub>2</sub>, CHF, S; Y<sub>1</sub> = O, S, NR<sub>12</sub>, CR<sub>12</sub>R<sub>14</sub>, CO, CS, C(CR<sub>13</sub>R<sub>14</sub>); R<sub>12</sub> = H, alkyl; R<sub>13</sub>, R<sub>14</sub> = independently H, F, alkyl; CR<sub>13</sub>R<sub>14</sub> = cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl; A<sub>1</sub> = C, CH, CF, S, P, Se, N, NR<sub>15</sub>, S(O), Se(O), P(OR<sub>15</sub>), P(NR<sub>15</sub>R<sub>16</sub>); R<sub>15</sub>, R<sub>16</sub> = independently alkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl; D<sub>1</sub> = moiety contg. electron lone pair capable of forming hydrogen bond; B<sub>1</sub> = H, F, alkyl, cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, OR<sub>17</sub>, SR<sub>17</sub>, NR<sub>17</sub>, NR<sub>17</sub>R<sub>18</sub>, NR<sub>17</sub>OR<sub>18</sub>; R<sub>17</sub>-R<sub>19</sub> = H, any group R<sub>15</sub>; with provisos], and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof and prodrugs thereof, obtainable by chem. synthesis, inhibit or block the biol. activity of picornaviral 3C proteases. These compds., as well as pharmaceutical compns. that contain these compds., are suitable for treating patients or hosts infected with one or more picornaviruses. Several novel methods and intermediates can be used to prep. the novel picornaviral 3C protease inhibitors of the present invention. Thus, olefination of protected peptide aldehyde Z-L-Leu-L-Phe-L-Met(O)-H (Z = PhCH<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>C), prepd. in 3 steps from L-methioninol and Z-L-Leu-L-Phe-OH, with (carbethoxymethylene)triphenylphosphorane gave 74% title compd. II. II and related alkene pseudo-peptides were tested for inhibition of rhinovirus protease, with II showing K<sub>i</sub> = 4.3 μM.

IT 199003-72-0P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)  
(prepn. of alkene pseudo-peptides as picornavirus 3C protease inhibitors)

IT 199003-71-9P 199003-73-1P 199003-74-2P  
199003-75-3P 199003-76-4P 199003-77-5P  
199003-78-6P 199003-81-1P 199003-82-2P  
199003-85-5P 199003-86-6P 199003-87-7P  
199003-88-8P 199003-89-9P 199003-92-4P  
199003-95-7P 199004-05-2P 199004-06-3P  
199004-07-4P 199004-10-9P 199004-19-8P  
199004-20-1P 199004-21-2P 199004-22-3P  
199004-27-8P 199004-28-9P 199004-29-0P  
199004-30-3P 199004-31-4P 199004-55-2P  
199004-56-3P 199004-57-4P 199004-58-5P  
199004-59-6P 199004-60-9P 199004-61-0P  
199004-62-1P 199004-63-2P 199004-64-3P  
199004-66-5P 199004-68-7P 199004-69-8P  
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199005-38-4P 199005-40-8P 199005-41-9P  
199005-42-0P 199005-43-1P 199005-44-2P  
199005-46-4P 199005-48-6P 199006-67-2P  
199007-58-4P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(prepn. of alkene pseudopeptides as picornavirus 3C protease inhibitors)

IT 199005-60-2P 199005-72-6P 199005-73-7P  
199005-76-0P 199005-78-2P 199005-80-6P  
199005-84-0P 199006-12-7P 199006-18-3P  
199006-20-7P 199006-40-1P 199006-41-2P  
199006-47-8P 199006-48-9P 199006-53-6P  
199006-60-5P 199006-61-6P 199006-64-9P  
199006-65-0P 199006-66-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prepn. of alkene pseudopeptides as picornavirus 3C protease inhibitors)

L15 ANSWER 3 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:746070 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:30375

TITLE: Auto-deconvoluting combinatorial libraries of compounds interacting with enzymes, receptors, or other active moieties

INVENTOR(S): Quibell, Martin; Johnson, Tony; Hart, Terance

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Peptide Therapeutics Limited, UK; Quibell, Martin; Johnson, Tony; Hart, Terance

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 100 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9742216	A1	19971113	WO 1997-GB1158	19970424 <--
W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
CA 2252408	AA	19971113	CA 1997-2252408	19970424 <--
AU 9726450	A1	19971126	AU 1997-26450	19970424 <--
AU 728263	B2	20010104		
EP 906334	A1	19990407	EP 1997-918253	19970424
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI			
JP 2000512979	T2	20001003	JP 1997-539622	19970424
ES 2162277	T3	20011216	ES 1997-918252	19970424
US 2003092067	A1	20030515	US 2002-259420	20020930
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1996-8457	A 19960424
			GB 1996-16115	A 19960731
			GB 1996-24584	A 19961127
			WO 1997-GB1158	W 19970424
			US 1999-171680	A3 19991103

AB The present invention relates to the field of app. (set of compds.) and methods which provide the rapid generation of structure/activity relationships using auto-deconvoluting combinatorial libraries, which facilitate the invention of novel active compds.. The invention provides app. and methods which can be used for the rapid generation of



structure/activity relationship (SAR) data, and, therefore, the characterization of the active motif of any group of compds. The invention provides libraries of compds. which interact with an active moiety, and app. and methods to identify such compds. The active moieties may be (but are not limited to) enzymes (e.g. kinases), receptors, antibodies, etc. The interaction of the active moiety with the compds. of the library may be (but is not limited to) the interaction of a substrate or inhibitor with an enzyme, the interaction of a ligand with a receptor, the interaction of an antigen or antigenic epitope with an antibody, etc. The invention describes e.g. the synthesis of a no. of compds. for use as a library for screening for potential substrates for dust mite Der P1 cysteine protease, as well as subsequent identification and synthesis of active inhibitors of the enzyme.

## IT 187991-61-3P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(auto-deconvoluting combinatorial libraries of compds. interacting with enzymes, receptors, or other active moieties)

L15 ANSWER 4 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:717935 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:1461

TITLE: Substrates and inhibitors of proteolytic enzymes

INVENTOR(S): Quibell, Martin; Johnson, Tony; Hart, Terance

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Peptide Therapeutics Ltd., UK; Quibell, Martin;  
Johnson, Tony; Hart, Terance

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 93 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

## PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9740065	A2	19971030	WO 1997-GB1157	19970424 <--
WO 9740065	A3	19971204		
W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 9726449	A1	19971112	AU 1997-26449	19970424 <--
AU 706855	B2	19990624		
CA 2252408	AA	19971113	CA 1997-2252408	19970424 <--
EP 906333	A2	19990407	EP 1997-918252	19970424
EP 906333	B1	20010725		
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI			
JP 2001501170	T2	20010130	JP 1997-537864	19970424
AT 203545	E	20010815	AT 1997-918252	19970424
ES 2162277	T3	20011216	ES 1997-918252	19970424
US 6528275	B1	20030304	US 1999-171680	19991103
US 2003092067	A1	20030515	US 2002-259420	20020930
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1996-8457	A 19960424
			GB 1996-16115	A 19960731
			GB 1996-24584	A 19961127
			WO 1997-GB1157	W 19970424
			US 1999-171680	A3 19991103

AB The present invention relates to the field of compds. which are substrates or inhibitors of proteolytic enzymes and to app. and methods for identifying substrates or inhibitors for proteolytic enzymes. We have devised a combinatorial method for the rapid identification of binding motifs which will greatly expedite the synthesis of inhibitors of a variety of proteolytic enzymes such as aspartyl proteases, serine proteases, metallo proteases and cysteinyl proteases. Some inhibitors have the formula A-B-C-D-nE-F, in which A represents a fluoescor internally quenched by F; while B, C, D, and E represent groups such that the scissile bond between any two of these groups is a suitable bond; n is an integer 1, 2, 3, or 4; and F a quencher capable of internally quenching the fluoescor A.

IT 187991-61-3P 187991-62-4P 187991-63-5P  
187991-64-6P

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)  
(substrates and inhibitors of proteolytic enzymes)

L15 ANSWER 5 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:491631 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:95620

TITLE: Preparation of acylated enol derivatives of .alpha.-ketoesters and .alpha.-ketoamides as neutrophil-associated inflammation inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Peet, Norton P.; Burkhardt, Joseph P.; Mehdi, Shujaath

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hoechst Marion Roussel, Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 81 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

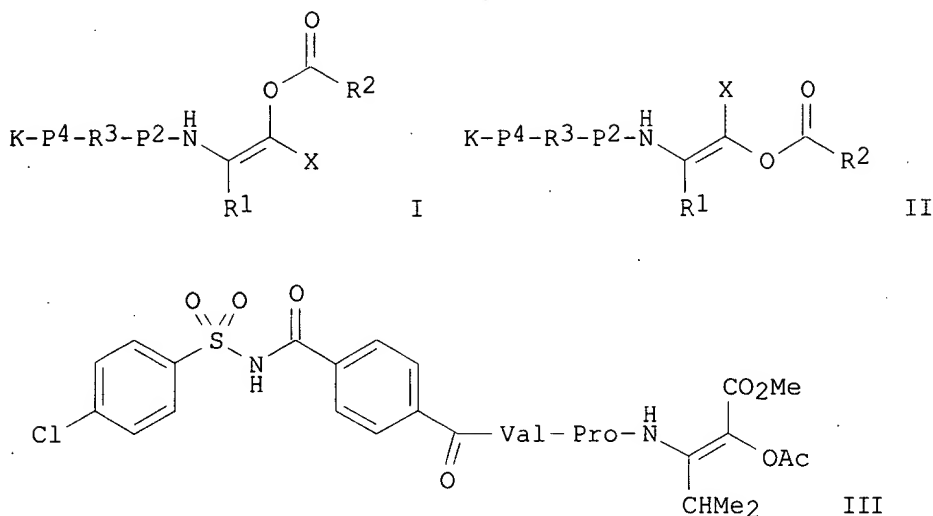
LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9720856	A1	19970612	WO 1996-US17752	19961104 <--
W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
CA 2239159	AA	19970612	CA 1996-2239159	19961104 <--
CA 2239159	C	20020910		
AU 9676697	A1	19970627	AU 1996-76697	19961104 <--
AU 705819	B2	19990603		
EP 863915	A1	19980916	EP 1996-939555	19961104
EP 863915	B1	20000202		
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO			
CN 1203602	A	19981230	CN 1996-198733	19961104
AT 189457	E	20000215	AT 1996-939555	19961104
JP 2000502073	T2	20000222	JP 1997-521265	19961104
ES 2144788	T3	20000616	ES 1996-939555	19961104
ZA 9609889	A	19970617	ZA 1996-9889	19961125 <--
TW 419482	B	20010121	TW 1996-85114600	19961126
NO 9802467	A	19980803	NO 1998-2467	19980529
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1995-566196 A	19951201
			WO 1996-US17752 W	19961104
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 127:95620		

GI



AB This invention relates to title compds. I and II [R1 = C1-4 alkyl; R2 = C1-4 alkyl, Ph, CH2Ph, cyclohexyl, cyclohexylmethyl; X = CO2R2, CONHR3, R3 = H, any group in R2; P2 = Gly, Ala where N.alpha. is optionally substituted with C1-6 alkyl, optionally fused C3-12 cycloalkyl, C3-12 cycloalkyl-C1-6 alkyl, C4-11 bicycloalkyl, C4-11 bicycloalkyl-C1-6 alkyl, C6-10 aryl, C6-10 aryl-C1-6 alkyl, C3-7 heterocycloalkyl, C3-7 heterocycloalkyl-C1-6 alkyl, C5-9 heteroaryl, C5-9 heteroaryl-C1-6 alkyl, Pro, 2-azetidinecarbonyl, 2-indolylcarbonyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carbonyl, piperidyl, thiazolidine-4-carbonyl; Hyp(CH2Ph), Hyp(Ac), Hyp; P3 = Ala, .beta.-Ala-, Leu, Ile, Nle, Val, Nva, Lys, .beta.-Val; P4 = Ala, .beta.-Ala, Val, Nva, .beta.-Val, Pro, bond; K = H, Ac, succinyl, Bz, Me3CO2C (Boc), phCH2O2C (Cbz), dansyl, isovaleryl, methoxysuccinyl, 1-adamantanesulfonyl, 2-HO2CC6H4CO, CONMe2, 4-(4-ClC6H4SO2NHCO)C6H4CO, 4-(4-BrC6H4SO2NHCO)C6H4CO, 4-(H2NSO2C6H4SO2NHCO)C6H4CO, 3-(3-pyridyl)propionyl, R-B; R = 4-morpholinyl, 2-furyl; B = CO, CHR'CO, SO2, COCHR'CO, p-COC6H4CO, p-SO2C6H4CO, 2,5-pyridinedicarbonyl, p-CONHC6H4CO, (CH2)nNR'CO; R' = H, C1-4 alkyl; n = 0-2]. Compds. I and II are either prodrugs of known elastase inhibitors or are elastase inhibitors in their own right and are useful in the treatment of various inflammatory diseases, including cystic fibrosis and emphysema. Thus, acylation of 135 mg 4-(4-ClC6H4SO2NHCO)C6H4CO-Val-Pro-Val-CO2Me with 0.19 mL Ac2O in 1.0 mL pyridine gave 23 mg. acetyloxy ester III (MDL 105,565). III inhibited human neutrophil elastase at 99% at a concn. of 10 nM in an in vitro assay.

IT **192193-33-2P 192193-34-3P**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(prepn. of ketoester and ketoamide acylated enol derivs. as neutrophil-assocd. inflammation inhibitors)

L15 ANSWER 6 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:220603 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:212446

TITLE: Tripeptide methyl ketone cysteine protease inhibitors for use in treatment of Ige mediated allergic diseases  
INVENTOR(S): Johnson, Tony; Hart, Terrance; Laing, Peter; Shakib,

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Farouk; Quibell, Martin  
 Peptide Therapeutics Limited, UK; Johnson, Tony; Hart,  
 Terrance; Laing, Peter; Shakib, Farouk; Quibell,  
 Martin  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 100 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9704004	A1	19970206	WO 1996-GB1707	19960717 <--
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE				
RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM				
AU 9665242	A1	19970218	AU 1996-65242	19960717 <--
AU 716716	B2	20000302		
EP 839155	A1	19980506	EP 1996-924976	19960717
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
JP 11509543	T2	19990824	JP 1996-506421	19960717
US 6034066	A	20000307	US 1998-45	19980226
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			GB 1995-14616	19950717
			GB 1995-22221	19951031
			WO 1996-GB1707	19960717

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 126:212446

AB Tripeptide compds. were prep'd for use in the treatment of allergic diseases, including juvenile asthma and eczema, via inhibition of the cysteine protease activity of Dermatophagoides pteronyssinus (Der p I), a major allergen of house dust mite. Compds. claimed included R1-CONH-XR2-CONH-YR3-CONH-ZR4-W [X, Y, Z = N, CH; R1 = nitrogen blocking group; R2, R3, R4 = side-chains on X, Y, Z; W = group that reacts irreversibly with active cysteine thiol of Der p I; R1 = hydrophobic Ph, 2-naphthyl, 9-anthracyl, heteroaryl optionally connected to heteroatom to carbonyl group, etc.; XR2 = Ala, Leu, Nle, Val, etc; YR3 = Lys, Gln, Met(O), Ala; ZR4 = Ala, Leu, Nle, Val, Ile, etc.; W = E-CH<sub>2</sub>CHO, E-CH<sub>2</sub>CH:CH<sub>2</sub>, E-CH<sub>2</sub>CH:CHCHO, R-CO<sub>2</sub>NCHO, Y-CH:CH<sub>2</sub>; E = aryloxy, arylthio, heteroaryl, halo, R-SO<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>P(O)O, RCO<sub>2</sub>; R = alkyl, aryl; Y = ester, sulfone, carboxylate, amide, etc. groups]. E64, L-trans-epoxysuccinyl-leucylamido(4-guanidino)butane, is excluded from the claimed compds. Thus, Bz-Val-Ala-Nle-OH underwent successive treatment with iso-Bu chloroformate/N-methylmorpholine, CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub>, and HBr/HOAc to give Bz-Val-Ala-Nle-CH<sub>2</sub>Br which reacted with 2,6-Cl<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>OH to give Bz-Val-Ala-Nle-CH<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>CC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>3</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>-2,6 (I). In Der p I enzyme inhibiting assay, I had a Kobs/[I] of 6.8 x 10<sup>7</sup> M<sup>-1</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>.

IT 187991-62-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (intermediate in prepn. of tripeptide Me ketones with allergen inhibiting activity)

IT 187991-61-3P 187991-63-5P 187991-64-6P

187991-65-7P 187991-66-8P 187991-67-9P

187991-68-0P 187991-72-6P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (prepn. of tripeptide Me ketones with allergen inhibiting activity)

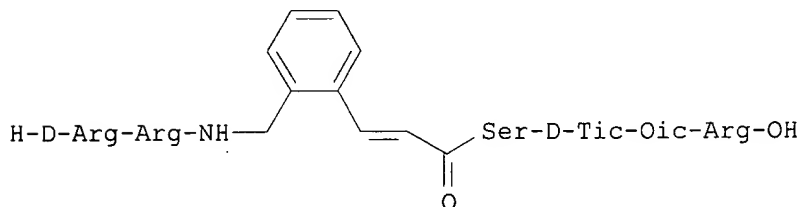
IT 187991-69-1P 187991-70-4P 187991-71-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of tripeptide Me ketones with allergen inhibiting activity)

L15 ANSWER 7 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:494750 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:196389  
TITLE: Bradykinin antagonist pseudopeptide derivatives of  
aminoalkenoic acids  
INVENTOR(S): Kyle, Donald J.  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Scios Nova Inc., USA  
SOURCE: U.S., 26 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,444,046.  
CODEN: USXXAM  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 7  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5541286	A	19960730	US 1994-281907	19940728 <--
US 5521158	A	19960528	US 1992-957879	19921008 <--
US 5444048	A	19950822	US 1993-118981	19930909 <--
CA 2171446	AA	19950316	CA 1994-2171446	19940909 <--
WO 9507294	A1	19950316	WO 1994-US10128	19940909 <--
W: CA, JP, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
EP 716661	A1	19960619	EP 1994-929158	19940909 <--
EP 716661	B1	20000405		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
JP 11500100	T2	19990106	JP 1994-508795	19940909
AT 191486	E	20000415	AT 1994-929158	19940909
ES 2148347	T3	20001016	ES 1994-929158	19940909
US 5817756	A	19981006	US 1995-401595	19950309
US 5610142	A	19970311	US 1995-416524	19950403 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1992-957879	A2 19921008
			US 1993-118981	A2 19930909
			US 1993-118550	A 19930909
			US 1993-118558	A 19930909
			US 1993-119341	A 19930909
			US 1994-281904	A 19940728
			US 1994-281906	A 19940728
			US 1994-281907	A 19940728
			US 1994-281908	A 19940728
			US 1994-119341	A 19940909
			WO 1994-US10128	W 19940909
			US 1994-353426	B2 19941209
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 125:196389		
GI				



I

AB Pseudopeptide compds. A-B-C-D-E-F-G-Cn wherein: A is H or is selected from L- and D-isomers of, e.g., Arg, Gln, Asn, Lys; B is a bond or is selected from L- and D-isomers of Arg, Gln, Asn, Lys; C is a C2 to C18 olefinic aminoalkenoyl  $\text{NH}(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{Z1}(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{Z2}(\text{CH}_2)_o\text{CO}$  wherein Z1 and Z2 are independently selected from the group consisting of a bond, C3-8 carbocycle, C2-18 monoolefin or C4-18 polyolefin contg. 1-5 double bonds which may optionally be incorporated into a cyclic system; m, n, and o are independently 0-12, with the proviso that their total does not exceed 16; D is a bond or is selected from Ser, Thr, Gly, Val, Ala, Cys, and Tyr; E is selected from the group consisting of a D-arom. amino acid and a D-Hype (hydroxyproline ether/thioether); F is selected from, e.g., Oic, Aoc, Thz, Tic [Oic is (2S,3aS,7aS)-octahydro-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid; Aoc is (S,S,S)-2-azabicyclo[3.3.0]octane-3-carboxylic acid; Thz is thiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid; Tic is tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid]; G is selected from Arg, Orn, Asn, Gln, and Lys; Cn is OH or a C-terminal extension selected from, e.g., amide, alkoxy, based on a modified bradykinin sequence are potent bradykinin receptor antagonists. Amino acids at positions 2 through 5 are replaced by olefinic aminoalkenoyl groups to reduce the peptide nature of the compds. The analogs produced are useful in treating conditions and diseases of a mammal and human in which an excess of bradykinin or related kinins are produced or injected such as by insect bites. Thus, e.g., pseudopeptide I was prepd. by solid-phase methodol., incorporating aminoalkenoyl spacer N-Boc-3-[2-(aminomethyl)phenyl]-2-propenoic acid (also prepd.); I exhibited binding to human bradykinin B2 receptor with  $K = 27 \text{ nM}$ , and bradykinin antagonist activity with  $\text{pA}_2 = 120 \pm 8$ .

IT **168824-56-4P**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(bradykinin antagonist pseudopeptide derivs. of aminoalkenoic acids)

L15 ANSWER 8 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:108481 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:249227  
TITLE: High-throughput purity estimation and characterization of synthetic peptides by electrospray mass spectrometry  
AUTHOR(S): Smart, Swee S.; Mason, Tom J.; Bennell, Paul S.; Maeij, N. Joe; Geysen, H. Mario  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Chiron Mimotopes Pty. Ltd., Victoria, Australia  
SOURCE: International Journal of Peptide & Protein Research (1996), 47(1/2), 47-55  
CODEN: IJPPC3; ISSN: 0367-8377  
PUBLISHER: Munksgaard  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

AB High-throughput anal. for purity and mol. wt. detn. of synthetic peptides including characterization of any peptidic byproducts arising from synthesis is described. The data from electrospray mass spectrometry are processed with an algorithm that calcs. the contribution of the target peptide and each of the identifiable contaminants to the total ionizable material in a sample of synthetic peptide. All essential data were obtained by one instrumental technique in <3 min per sample. The technique has distinct advantages in the rapid anal. of the many hundreds of peptides/peptidomimetics required in systematic quant. structure-activity relation and other studies.

IT **175168-04-4**

RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)  
(detn. in synthetic peptides by electrospray mass spectrometry)

L15 ANSWER 9 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:846507 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:257408  
 TITLE: Preparation of peptide compounds as pseudo- and non-peptide bradykinin receptor antagonists  
 INVENTOR(S): Kyle, Donald James; Mavunkel, Babu Joseph; Lu, Zhijian  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Scios Nova Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 67 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 7  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9507294	A1	19950316	WO 1994-US10128	19940909 <--
W: CA, JP, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
US 5444048	A	19950822	US 1993-118981	19930909 <--
US 5552383	A	19960903	US 1993-118550	19930909 <--
US 5541286	A	19960730	US 1994-281907	19940728 <--
US 5686565	A	19971111	US 1994-281904	19940728 <--
EP 716661	A1	19960619	EP 1994-929158	19940909 <--
EP 716661	B1	20000405		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
JP 11500100	T2	19990106	JP 1994-508795	19940909
AT 191486	E	20000415	AT 1994-929158	19940909
US 5610142	A	19970311	US 1995-416524	19950403 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1993-118550	A 19930909
			US 1993-118558	A 19930909
			US 1993-118981	A 19930909
			US 1993-119341	A 19930909
			US 1994-281904	A 19940728
			US 1994-281906	A 19940728
			US 1994-281907	A 19940728
			US 1994-281908	A2 19940728
			US 1992-957879	A2 19921008
			US 1994-119341	A 19940909
			WO 1994-US10128	W 19940909

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 123:257408  
 GI

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB Peptide derivs. X-Y-Z [X = a moiety having a net pos. charge selected from a pos. charged amino acid and an org. group; Y = a hydrophobic org. moiety (e.g. Q - Q3) having the following characteristics: (a) a N junction at the X-Y junction, (b) a CO group at the Y-Z junction, (c) the hydrophobic org. moiety between the N atom and the CO group which is selected from a carbocyclic, a heterocyclic, and a linear org. moiety, (d) an at. group in the range of 135-300 .ANG., (e) an allowed conformation such that an end-to-end distance between the flanking N and CO atoms is .apprx.5.0+-1.5 .ANG., and (f) provided that Y cannot consist of naturally occurring amino acids; Z = an arrangement of atoms which inherently adopt a .beta.-turn conformation and has a pos. charge near the distal end] are prepd. ABS wherein many (or all) of the peptide bonds of bradykinin are eliminated to yield compds. having, in appropriate spatial arrangement, two pos. charged moieties flanking a hydrophobic org. moiety and a moiety which mimics a beta turn conformation, and having the ability to specifically compete with native bradykinin for binding to the bradykinin B2 receptor. A pharmaceutical prepn. for treating local pain

and inflammation form burns, wounds, cuts, rashes, or other trauma, pathol. conditions caused by the prodn. of bradykinin or related kinins, and in particular chronic inflammatory hyperalgesia contains an effective amt. of the said peptide to antagonize bradykinin and a suitable pharmaceutical carrier. Thus, title peptides. (I; Tic = tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid, Oic = (2S,3aS,7aS)-octahydro-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid), (II), and H-D-Arg-Arg-X[c-C6H11]-CH2CO-Ser-D-Tic-Oic-Arg-OH were manually synthesized by the std. solid phase method using Boc-Arg(Tos)-PAM resin and, in a radioligand binding assay, showed competitive binding to the human bradykinin B2 receptor against tritiated 3[H]NPC17731 (a bradykinin analog).

IT 168824-56-4P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(prepn. of peptide compds. as pseudo- and non-peptide bradykinin receptor antagonists)

L15 ANSWER 10 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:810933 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:56728

TITLE: Preparation of bradykinin antagonist pseudopeptide derivatives of olefinic aminoalkanoic acids

INVENTOR(S): Kyle, Donald J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Scios Nova, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 36 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No.957,879.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 7

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5444048	A	19950822	US 1993-118981	19930909 <--
US 5521158	A	19960528	US 1992-957879	19921008 <--
US 5541286	A	19960730	US 1994-281907	19940728 <--
CA 2171446	AA	19950316	CA 1994-2171446	19940909 <--
WO 9507294	A1	19950316	WO 1994-US10128	19940909 <--
W: CA, JP, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
EP 716661	A1	19960619	EP 1994-929158	19940909 <--
EP 716661	B1	20000405		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
JP 11500100	T2	19990106	JP 1994-508795	19940909
AT 191486	E	20000415	AT 1994-929158	19940909
ES 2148347	T3	20001016	ES 1994-929158	19940909
US 5817756	A	19981006	US 1995-401595	19950309
US 5610142	A	19970311	US 1995-416524	19950403 <--

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 1992-957879	A2	19921008
US 1993-118550	A	19930909
US 1993-118558	A	19930909
US 1993-118981	A2	19930909
US 1993-119341	A	19930909
US 1994-281904	A	19940728
US 1994-281906	A	19940728
US 1994-281907	A	19940728
US 1994-281908	A	19940728
US 1994-119341	A	19940909
WO 1994-US10128	W	19940909
US 1994-353426	B2	19941209

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 124:56728

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\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB Pseudopeptide compds. based on a modified bradykinin sequence having the formula A-B-C-D-E-F-G-R [A, B = L- or D-Arg or -Lys; C = Q - Q2, etc.; D = Ser, Thr, Gly, Ala, Val; E = D-Phe, tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid residue (D-Tic), D-trans-Hype represented by D-trans-Q3; wherein R = H, (un)substituted alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, (un)substituted aryl, aralkyl, R1NHCO; wherein aryl is selected from Ph, naphthyl, CH2Ph, or naphthylmethyl; R1 = alkyl, aryl; X = O, S, SO, SO2; F = (2S,3aS,7aS)-octahydro-1H-indole-2-carboxylic acid (Oic), (S,S,S)-2-azabicyclo[3.3.0]octane-3-carboxylic acid (Aoc), Phe, Tic, Q3; G = Arg, Lys; R = OH, NH2, alkoxy], which have an affinity for bradykinin receptor and are potent bradykinin receptor antagonists and are useful in treating conditions and diseases of a mammal and human in which an excess of bradykinin or related kinins are produced or injected such as by insect bites, are prepd. Amino acids at positions 2 through 5 are replaced by olefinic aminoalkenoyl groups to reduce the peptidic nature of the compds. Thus, H-D-Arg-Arg-Q4-Ser-D-Tic-Oic-Arg-NH2 (I) was prepd. by the solid phase method using N-Boc-3-[2-(aminomethyl)phenyl]-2-propenoic acid, i.e. Boc-Q4-OH (prepn. given), N-Boc-protected amino acids, and Boc-Arg(Tos)-PAM resin. II showed binding affinity to human bradykinin receptor expressed in H2O.2 cells and the bradykinin receptor in guinea pig terminal ileum with Ki value of 27 and 120.+-.8 nM, resp.

IT 168824-56-4P 171662-55-8P 171662-64-9P  
171662-73-0P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(prepn. of pseudopeptide derivs. contg. olefinic aminoalkanoic acids as bradykinin receptor antagonists)

L15 ANSWER 11 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:776761 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:9413  
TITLE: Tripeptides as selective inhibitors of src-SH2  
phosphoprotein interactions  
AUTHOR(S): Rodriguez, Marc; Crosby, Renae; Alligood, Krystal;  
Gilmer, Tona; Berman, Judd  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Glaxo Wellcome Res. Inst., Triangle Park, NC, 27709,  
USA  
SOURCE: Letters in Peptide Science (1995), 2(1), 1-6  
CODEN: LPSCEM; ISSN: 0929-5666  
PUBLISHER: ESCOM  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English

AB The synthesis of phosphorylated peptides Ac-Tyr(PO3H2)-Glu-D-NHCHRCH2CH2CONH2 (I; R = CH2CH2Ph, Bu, 1-naphthylmethyl, 2-naphthylmethyl) as protein tyrosine kinase inhibitors is described. Peptides I displayed activities in the micromolar range in inhibiting src-SH2 domain/epidermal growth factor receptor interactions.

IT 171357-91-8P

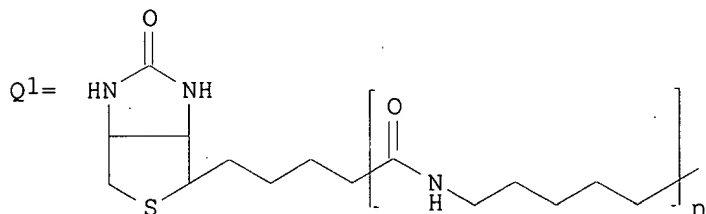
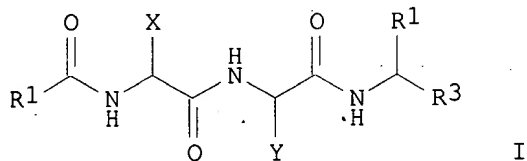
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of phosphotyrosine tripeptides as selective inhibitors of src-SH2 phosphoprotein interactions)

L15 ANSWER 12 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:667082 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:84007  
 TITLE: Preparation of peptideamide endothelin converting enzyme inhibitors.  
 INVENTOR(S): Leban, Johann Jakob; Sherman, Douglas Byron; Sigafos, James Frederick; Spaltenstein, Andreas; Viveros, Osvaldo Humberto; Wan, David Chi-cheong  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Wellcome Foundation Ltd., UK  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 79 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9415956	A1	19940721	WO 1994-GB9	19940104 <--
W: AU, CA, CN, FI, HU, JP, KR, NO, NZ, PL, RU, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
ZA 9400008	A	19950703	ZA 1994-8	19940103 <--
AU 9458202	A1	19940815	AU 1994-58202	19940104 <--
EP 677059	A1	19951018	EP 1994-903951	19940104 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
JP 08506569	T2	19960716	JP 1994-515796	19940104 <--
EP 1029869	A1	20000823	EP 2000-201447	19940104
EP 1029869	B1	20030423		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE				
US 6235717	B1	20010522	US 1995-481365	19950703
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				
			GB 1993-48	A 19930104
			EP 1994-903951	A3 19940104
			WO 1994-GB9	W 19940104
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 123:84007				
GI				



AB Title compds. I; R1 = alkyl, carboxyalkyl, alkoxycarbonylalkyl, (substituted) aryl, aralkyl, aralkoxy, aryloxyalkyl, diphenylalkyl, Q1, R5CONH(CH2)5[Z(CH2)5]n, PhCH2O2CNHCH(CH2CO2R6); n = 0,1; Z = CONH, CH2; R5 = PhCH2O, 1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-2,6-dioxo-4-pyrimidinyl, 2,5-dioxo-4-imidazolidinyl; R6 = H, alkyl; R2 = indol-3-ylmethyl, (substituted) aryl, aralkyl; R3 = CHO, maleimidomethyl, methoxycarbonylmethyl, dimethoxymethyl, semicarboxonomethyl, alkyl, etc.; X = alkyl, indolylmethyl, naphthylmethyl, benzyloxybenzyl, cycloalkylmethyl, (substituted) PhCH2; Y = indolylmethyl, naphthylmethyl, benzyloxybenzyl, alkyl, (substituted) PhCH2, were prepd. Thus, N-[5-[(hexahydro-2-oxo-1H-thieno[3,4-d]imidazol-

4-yl)pentanoyl]-L-p-bromophenylalanyl-L-1-naphthylalanyl-L-N-[1-formyl]-2-(1H-indol-3-yl)ethyl]amide (soln. phase prepn. given) showed IC50 = 0.002 .mu.M in an endothelin converting enzyme assay in porcine aortal preps.

IT 164785-49-3P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(prepn. of peptideamide endothelin converting enzyme inhibitors)

L15 ANSWER 13 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:183489 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:10659

TITLE: Cyclosporin A: Regioselective Ring Opening and Fragmentation Reactions via Thioamides. A Route to Semisynthetic Cyclosporins

AUTHOR(S): Eberle, Marcel K.; Jutzi-Eme, Anne-Marie; Nuninger, Francois

CORPORATE SOURCE: Preclinical Research, Sandoz Ltd., Basel, Switz.

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1994), 59(24), 7249-58

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 122:10659

AB Cyclosporin A served as the starting material for the semisynthetic prepn. of a variety of novel cyclosporins. Acetylcyclosporin A was treated with Lawesson's reagent. From the reaction mixt., three novel acetylated thioamides were isolated: the 4,7-bis(thioamide), the 7-thioamide, and the 4-thioamide. The acetylated products were hydrolyzed to the known thioamides. The 7-thioamide was alkylated to give the corresponding S-benzyl thioamide. A regioselective ring opening reaction at the activated site was induced by treating the thioimide under acidic conditions giving the 7,8-seco-cyclosporin. The D-Ala moiety was replaced by D-Phe via the Edman degrdn. product, and removal of the protecting groups led to the acyclic seco-cyclosporin. This was cyclized to [D-Phe]8-cyclosporin. An N-protected 7,8-seco-cyclosporin was reduced to the aldehyde, homologated, deprotected, and cyclized to give a vinylogous cyclosporin. Similarly, a 4,5-seco-cyclosporin was prepd. and converted via several steps to the vinylogous cyclosporin. Finally, under acidic conditions, a dibenzyl bis(thioamide) underwent a fragmentation reaction to give the octapeptide and the tripeptide fragments. The octapeptide was coupled with a different tripeptide 9i and cyclized to give [L-Phe]7-cyclosporin.

IT 159392-00-4P 159392-01-5P 159392-02-6P

159392-10-6P 159392-11-7P 159392-12-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of semisynthetic cyclosporins via regioselective ring opening and fragmentation reactions of thioamides)

L15 ANSWER 14 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:153723 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:153723

TITLE: Use of calpain inhibitors in the inhibition and treatment of medical conditions associated with increased calpain activity

INVENTOR(S): Eveleth, David D., Jr.; Lynch, Gary; Powers, James C.; Bartus, Raymond T.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cortex Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA; Georgia Tech Research Corp.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 255 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9400095	A2	19940106	WO 1993-US6143	19930624 <--
WO 9400095	A3	19940317		
W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CH, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LU, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SK, UA, US, VN				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9345449	A1	19940124	AU 1993-45449	19930624 <--
JP 09500087	T2	19970107	JP 1993-502621	19930624 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1992-903800	19920624
			US 1993-34996	19930316
			US 1993-72609	19930601
			WO 1993-US6143	19930624

AB Medical conditions in mammals (e.g. cardiac muscle tissue damage, cataracts, smooth muscle damage, and vasospasm) assocd. with increased proteolytic activity of calpain are treated by administering a pharmaceutical compn. contg. a calpain inhibitor in a pharmacol. effective amt. The inhibitor is a peptide keto compd., substituted heterocyclic compd., or halo ketone peptide. Also, a method of inhibiting proliferation of smooth muscle cells and thereby preventing the restenosis of a blood vessel which has undergone therapeutic angioplasty includes the administration of a calpain inhibitor to the blood vessel during or after the angioplasty. Further, methods of blocking the establishment of the tonically contracted state in smooth muscle and relaxing tonically contracted smooth muscle are disclosed. These methods involve the administration of a calpain inhibitor, thereby reducing or preventing smooth muscle contraction assocd. with vasospasm and bronchospasm.

IT 153370-29-7 153370-30-0 153370-32-2  
 RL: BIOL (Biological study)  
 (as calpain inhibitor, heart and vascular disease treatment with)

L15 ANSWER 15 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:77643 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 120:77643  
 TITLE: Preparation of tripeptides as cysteine protease inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Tanami, Tooru; Yokoo, Chihiro; Hatayama, Katsuo  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Taisho Pharma Co Ltd, Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 05213990	A2	19930824	JP 1991-117054	19910227 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1991-117054	19910227

AB Me(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CH(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>COCNHCH(CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)CONHCH(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)CONHCH(CH<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>)CHO (I; n = 11-15) are prepd. Boc-L-Asn-L-Gln-L-NHCH(CH<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>)CH:CHCO<sub>2</sub>Et (Boc = CO<sub>2</sub>CMe<sub>3</sub>; prepn. given) (1.00 g) in HCl-dioxane was stirred at room temp. for 1 h and the reaction product was treated with 675 mg (.-.)-3-hydroxypentadecanoic acid N-hydroxysuccinimide ester and NEt<sub>3</sub> in DMF at 0.degree. for 1 h and at room temp. overnight to give 646 mg (.-.)-Me(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>11</sub>CH(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>CO-L-Asn-L-Gln-L-NHCH(CH<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>)CH:CHCO<sub>2</sub>Et, which (601 mg) was treated with O<sub>3</sub> in CHCl<sub>3</sub>-MeOH at .apprx.-50.degree. for 20

min, mixed with Me<sub>2</sub>S, and stirred at -50.degree. to room temp. for 2 h to afford 538 mg (.+-.)-I (n = 11) (II). II had IC<sub>50</sub> of 1400 nM against Ca-activated neutral protease.

IT **152338-63-1**

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(ozonolysis of)

IT **152338-62-0P**

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prepn. and ozonolysis of)

IT **152378-15-9P**

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prepn. and reaction of, with hydroxypentadecanoate)

L15 ANSWER 16 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:148070 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:148070

TITLE: Preparation of tripeptide aldehyde derivatives as cysteine protease inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Tanami, Toru; Yokoo, Chihiro; Hatayama, Katsuo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Taisho Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 04273897	A2	19920930	JP 1991-117056	19910227 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1991-117056	19910227
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 118:148070				

AB Me(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CH(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>CONHCH(CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)CONHCH(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)CONHCH(CHO)CH<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub> (I; n = 4-6), useful for treatment of muscle degenerative diseases such as muscular dystrophy and vacuole-type distal myopathy, are prepd. Deprotection of 1.00 g Boc-Asn-Gln-NHCH(CH<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>)CH:CHCO<sub>2</sub>Et (prepn. given) (Boc = CO<sub>2</sub>Me<sub>3</sub>) by HCl/dioxane and condensation with 489 mg (.+-.)-3-hydroxyoctanoic acid N-hydroxysuccinimide ester in Et<sub>3</sub>N/DMF gave 632 mg (.+-.)-Me(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>CH(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>CO-Asn-Gln-NHCH(CH<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>)CH:CHCO<sub>2</sub>Et, 570 mg of which was treated with O<sub>3</sub> in CHCl<sub>3</sub>/MeOH at -50.degree. for 20 min and stirred with Me<sub>2</sub>S for 2 h to give 500 mg (.+-.)-I (n = 4) (II). II in vitro inhibited calpain I, papain, and cathepsin B with IC<sub>50</sub> of 1200, 12,400, and 1800 nM, resp.

IT **146508-92-1**

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(ozonization of, in prepn. of cysteine protease inhibitors)

IT **146026-89-3P**

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prepn. and amidation of, with hydroxyalkanoate)

IT **146508-90-9P**

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prepn. and ozonization of, in prepn. of cysteine protease inhibitors)

L15 ANSWER 17 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:148069 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:148069

TITLE: Preparation of tripeptide aldehyde derivatives as cysteine protease inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Tanami, Toru; Yokoo, Chihiro; Hatayama, Katsuo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Taisho Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 04273896	A2	19920930	JP 1991-117055	19910227 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1991-117055	19910227

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 118:148069

AB Me(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>9</sub>CH(OH)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CONHCH(CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)CONHCH(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>)CONHCH(CHO)CH<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub> (I; n = 0, 1), useful for treatment of muscle degenerative diseases such as muscular dystrophy and vacuole-type distal myopathy, are prepd. Deprotection of 1.00 g Boc-Asn-Gln-NHCH(CH<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>)CH:CHCO<sub>2</sub>Et (prepn. given) (Boc = CO<sub>2</sub>CMe<sub>3</sub>) by HCl/dioxane and condensation with 622 mg (.-.)-3-hydroxytridecanoic acid N-hydroxysuccinimide ester in Et<sub>3</sub>N/DMF gave 648 mg (.-.)-Me(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>9</sub>CH(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>CO-Asn-Gln-NHCH(CH<sub>2</sub>CHMe<sub>2</sub>)CH:CHCO<sub>2</sub>Et, 576 mg of which was treated with O<sub>3</sub> in CHCl<sub>3</sub>/MeOH at -50.degree. for 20 min and stirred with Me<sub>2</sub>S for 2 h to give 513 mg (.-.)-I (n = 1) (II). II in vitro inhibited calpain I, papain, and cathepsin B with IC<sub>50</sub> of 510, 40,400, and 14,900 nM, resp.

IT **146508-96-5**  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (ozonization of, in prepn. of cysteine protease inhibitors)

IT **146026-89-3P**  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. and amidation of, with hydroxyalkanoate)

IT **146508-94-3P**  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. and ozonization of, in prepn. of cysteine protease inhibitors)

L15 ANSWER 18 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:125001 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:125001  
 TITLE: Stereoselective nucleophilic addition reactions of reactive pseudopeptides  
 AUTHOR(S): Reetz, Manfred T.; Kanand, Juergen; Griebenow, Nils; Harms, Klaus  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Max-Planck-Inst. Kohlenforsch., Muelheim an der Ruhr, W-4330, Germany  
 SOURCE: Angewandte Chemie (1992), 104(12), 1638-41  
 (See also Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl., 1992, 31(12), 1626-9)  
 CODEN: ANCEAD; ISSN: 0044-8249  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 118:125001

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Stereoselective Michael addn. reactions of cuprates R<sub>2</sub>CuLi (R = Me, Me<sub>3</sub>C) to alkene pseudopeptides I (R = Boc-Ala, Boc-D-Ala, Boc-Phe, Boc-D-Phe, Boc-Phe-Ala, Boc-D-Phe-Ala; Boc = Me<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>C) in the presence of Me<sub>3</sub>SiCl gave predominantly or exclusively adducts II. Similarly, addn. of Me<sub>2</sub>CuLi to leucinal derivs. R<sub>2</sub>-L-Leu-H (III; R<sub>2</sub> = Z-Ala, Z-D-Ala, Z-Phe, Z-D-Phe; Z = PhCH<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>C) gave predominantly or exclusively adducts IV. A doubly chelated Cu(I) intermediate is postulated to explain the stereoselectivity of the cuprate addns. to III.

IT **144345-56-2P 144408-31-1P**  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

(Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. and Michael addn. reactions of, with cuprates, stereochem. of)

L15 ANSWER 19 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:102476 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:102476

TITLE: Preparation of tripeptide aldehyde derivatives as protease inhibitors.

INVENTOR(S): Tanami, Toru; Yokoo, Chihiro; Hatayama, Katsuo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Taisho Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 04202170	A2	19920722	JP 1990-332085	19901129 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		JP 1990-332085		19901129

AB RNHCH(CH<sub>2</sub>R<sub>1</sub>)CONR<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CR<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub>CONHCHR<sub>5</sub>CHO [R = H, protecting group; R<sub>1</sub> = (protected) CO<sub>2</sub>H, H<sub>2</sub>NCO; R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub> = H, alkyl; R<sub>2</sub>R<sub>3</sub> = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>; R<sub>4</sub> = H, alkyl, PhCH<sub>2</sub>, etc., R<sub>3</sub>R<sub>4</sub> = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>; R<sub>5</sub> = isobutyl; n = 0, 1], useful as cysteine protease inhibitors for treating muscular dystrophy, etc., were prepd. Boc-Asp(OBzl)-OSu (Su = succinimidyl) was stirred with valylleucinol in EtOAc under cooling to give coupling product which in Et<sub>3</sub>N/Me<sub>2</sub>SO was treated with pyridine-SO<sub>3</sub> under cooling to give Boc-Asp(OBzl)-Val-Leu-H. Boc-Asp(OBzl)-Ser(Bzl)-Leu-H showed IC<sub>50</sub> of 987, 95, and 987 (no units given) against Ca-dependent neutral protease, papain, and cathepsin b, resp., vs. 2000, 30,000, and 7300, resp., with a ref. compd.

IT **146026-89-3P**  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. and reaction of, in prepn. of cysteine protease inhibitor)

L15 ANSWER 20 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:81438 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:81438

TITLE: Peptide keto amides, keto acids, and keto esters

INVENTOR(S): Powers, James C.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Georgia Tech Research Corp., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 89 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9212140	A1	19920723	WO 1991-US9801	19911227 <--
W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP, KR, LK, LU, MG, MW, NL, NO, PL, RO, RU, SD, SE				
RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FR, GA, GB, GN, GR, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NL, SE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2098702	AA	19920629	CA 1991-2098702	19911227 <--
AU 9191553	A1	19920817	AU 1991-91553	19911227 <--
AU 654834	B2	19941124		
EP 564561	A1	19931013	EP 1992-903265	19911227 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		US 1990-635287		19901228
		WO 1991-US9801		19911227

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 118:81438

AB Title compds. R-X-X1-COR1 [X, X1 = amino acids; R = H, (un)substituted H2NCO, H2NCS, H2NSO2, amino acid; R1 = alkoxy, OH, (un)substituted NH2] were prepd. as serine and cysteine protease inhibitors. Thus, Z-Leu-Phe-OH (Z = CO2CH2Ph) was treated with ClCOCO2Et in the presence of 4-dimethylaminopyridine to give Z-Leu-NHC(CH2Ph)=C(CO2Et)O2CCO2Et which was hydrolyzed to 2-Leu-Phe-CO2Et. The latter compd. was ketalized and amidated with EtNH2, to give Z-Leu-Phe-CONHET (I). I inhibited calpain from humor erythrocytes at 7 .mu.m.

IT 145731-18-6P 145731-19-7P 145731-21-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prepn. and hydrolysis of)

L15 ANSWER 21 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:822 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:822

TITLE: Use of calpain inhibitors in the inhibition and treatment of neurodegeneration

INVENTOR(S): Bartus, Raymond T.; Eveleth, David D., Jr.; Lynch, Gary S.; Powers, James C.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cortex Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA; Georgia Tech Research Corp.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 133 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9211850	A2	19920723	WO 1991-US9786	19911227 <--
WO 9211850	A3	19920903		
W: AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CS, FI, HU, JP, KP, KR, LK, MG, MN, MW, NO, PL, RO, RU, SD				
RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FR, GA, GB, GN, GR, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NL, SE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2098609	AA	19920629	CA 1991-2098609	19911227 <--
AU 9191527	A1	19920817	AU 1991-91527	19911227 <--
AU 667463	B2	19960328		
EP 564552	A1	19931013	EP 1992-902904	19911227 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, SE				
JP 06504061	T2	19940512	JP 1991-503767	19911227 <--
US 5444042	A	19950822	US 1994-207881	19940307 <--
AU 9655905	A1	19960822	AU 1996-55905	19960611 <--
AU 9923782	A1	19990603	AU 1999-23782	19990415
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1990-635952	19901228
			US 1991-682925	19910409
			US 1991-816120	19911227
			WO 1991-US9786	19911227
			AU 1996-55905	19960611

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 118:822

AB Calpain inhibitors such as isocoumarins, substituted heterocyclic compds., and peptide keto compds., are used in the treatment of neurodegeneration. Examples are given for the synthesis of a large no. of these compds. Data are also given showing protease inhibition by halo-ketone peptides, inhibition of calpain in crude brain exts. by calpain inhibitors, in vivo protection against neurodegeneration, membrane permeation of calpain inhibitors, screens for inhibition of anoxic damage, and protection against spectrin breakdown from excitotoxic damage by peripherally administered calpain inhibitors. A neuroprotective compn. for i.v. drip was prepd. contg. Z-Leu-Phe-CONHET.



IT 144231-95-8P 144231-96-9P 144231-97-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT  
(Reactant or reagent)  
(prepn. and isomerization of)

L15 ANSWER 22 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:256053 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:256053

TITLE: Preparation of endothelin antagonistic peptide derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Ishikawa, Kiyofumi; Fukami, Takehiro; Hayama, Takashi;  
Niiyama, Kenji; Nagase, Toshio; Mase, Toshiaki;  
Fujita, Kagari; Ihara, Masaki; Ikemoto, Fumihiko;  
Yano, Mitsuo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Banyu Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 121 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

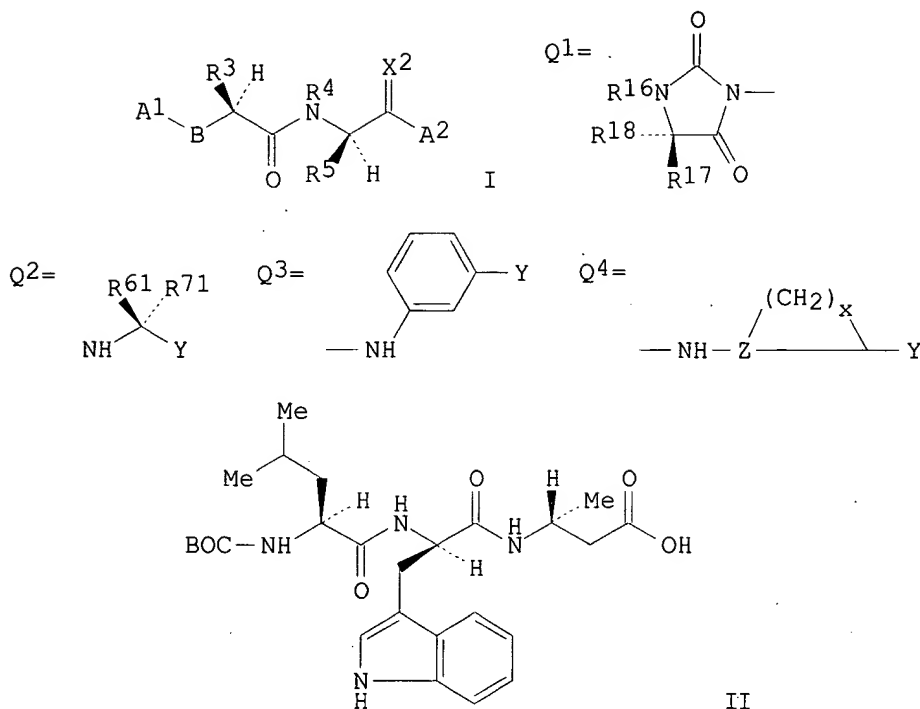
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 460679	A2	19911211	EP 1991-109313	19910606 <--
EP 460679	A3	19921119		
EP 460679	B1	19981028		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
CA 2043741	AA	19911208	CA 1991-2043741	19910603 <--
JP 05178891	A2	19930720	JP 1991-160023	19910603 <--
JP 3127488	B2	20010122		
AU 9178182	A1	19911212	AU 1991-78182	19910605 <--
AU 632695	B2	19930107		
AT 172741	E	19981115	AT 1991-109313	19910606
US 5470833	A	19951128	US 1994-213829	19940314 <--
US 5691315	A	19971125	US 1995-494818	19950626 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1990-149105	A 19900607
			US 1991-712095	B3 19910607
			US 1992-884189	B1 19920518
			US 1994-213829	A3 19940314
OTHER SOURCE(S):		MARPAT 116:256053		
GI				



AB Title compds. [I; A1 = (cyclo)alkylcarbonyl, aryl, arylalkyl, 1,3-dithiol-2-ylidenemethyl, alkoxy carbonyl, phenoxy carbonyl, (thio)carbamoyl, etc.; A1B = Q1; R16 = H, (cyclo)alkyl; R17, R18 = H, alkyl; B = O, NH, NMe; R3 = alkyl; R4 = H, Me; R5 = (substituted) 3-indolylmethyl, (2,3-dihydro-2-oxo-3-indolyl)methyl, phosphonyl(alkyl), PhCH2, 3-benzothienylmethyl, etc.; X2 = O, S; A2 = Q2, Q3, Q4, etc.; Y = sulfo, phosphono, CO2H, alkoxy carbonyl, benzyloxy carbonyl, carbamoyl; R61 = H, alkyl; R71 = H, (substituted) alkyl; R61R71 = CH2; Z = CH, N; x = 1-3], were prepd. BOC-Leu-OH was coupled with H-D-Trp-OMe.HCl using Et3N/hydroxybenzotriazole/1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide hydrochloride in CH2Cl2 and the product was treated with N2H4 in DMF to give BOC-Leu-D-Trp-NHNH2. The latter in DMF at -60.degree. was treated with HCl/dioxane, isoamyl nitrite, and tetrabutylammonium 3R-aminobutanoate to give title compd. II. I inhibited 125I-endothelin binding to porcine aortal preps. by 20-90%, and effectively inhibited endothelin-induced contraction of porcine coronary artery and guinea pig trachea.

IT 141595-35-9P 141661-07-6P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
(prepn. of, as endothelin antagonist)

L15 ANSWER 23 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:106810 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 116:106810

TITLE: Preparation of .beta.-chloro-Z-dehydroglutamic acid-containing peptides as bactericides

INVENTOR(S): Morita, Yoshiharu; Ando, Ryoichi; Takashima, Junko;  
Chaiet, Louis

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck and Co., Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 8 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5041644	A	19910820	US 1988-211618	19880627 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1988-211618	19880627
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 116:106810				
AB Title compds. (Z)-XNHCH[ClC:CH(COR)]COY [X = H, amino acid or peptide residue; Y, R = (protected) OH, (C-terminal protected) amino acid or (terminal protected) peptide residue; with proviso] were prepd. as medical bactericides (no data). Thus, .beta.-chloro-L-(Z)-dehydroglutamic acid and BOC-Ala-OH hydroxysuccinimide ester were coupled in EtOH contg. aq. NaHCO <sub>3</sub> and the resulting Boc-protected dipeptide was deprotected by HBr in HOAc to give, after neutralization of the hydrobromide salt, L-alanyl-.beta.-chloro-L-(Z)-dehydroglutamic acid.				
IT 121931-73-5P				
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as intermediate for medical bactericide)				
IT 121931-66-6P				
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as medical bactericide)				

L15 ANSWER 24 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:509294 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:109294

TITLE: Studies on the binding of pepstatin and its derivatives to Rhizopus pepsin by quantum mechanics, molecular mechanics, and free energy perturbation methods

AUTHOR(S): Rao, B. G.; Singh, U. Chandra

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Mol. Biol., Scripps Clin. Res. Found., La Jolla, CA, 92037, USA

SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1991), 113(18), 6735-50

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The ab initio quantum mechanics, mol. mechanics, and free energy perturbation methods have been applied to study the energetics of the active site of Rhizopus pepsin and its interactions with several inhibitors derived from pepstatin. The studies on the aspartate (Asp) dyad in the active site of the enzyme show that the energetics of the dyad are very sensitive to small changes in the relative orientations of the dyad and hence the energetic equivalence of the two charge states of the dyad (arising due to the protonation of either of the two aspartates) can be easily attained by small changes in the at..positions of the dyad. Further, the proton may shuttle between the two inner oxygens of the dyad. The barrier for the proton shuttle could be as low as 1.0 kcal/mol when the inner oxygen distance is .apprx.2.5 .ANG. and it increases with increases in this distance. Although the present studies show that the configurations of the Asp dyad distorted from planarity are lower in energy than the coplanar configuration found in the crystal structure, the latter configuration is crucial for optimal inhibitor binding. This is also borne out in the calcd. binding free energy differences between pepstatin and its derivs. The calcd. values obtained with the lower energy configuration of the Asp dyad were lower than those obtained with the Asp dyad configuration found in the crystal structure, and the latter values were closer to the exptl. results. For the mutation of the central statine residue of pepstatin to dehydroxystatine, the calcd. free energy difference of 5.17 kcal/mol is in good agreement with the exptl. value. This shows that the contribution of about 5 kcal/mol to binding from the

hydroxyl group of the central statine residue is mainly due to the strong interaction of this group with the neg. charged Asp dyad. The results of the other mutations on pepstatin also support this view.

IT 134486-20-7

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(binding of, by pepsin of Rhizopus, modeling of, by quantum mechanics and mol. mechanics and free energy perturbation methods)

L15 ANSWER 25 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:247788 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:247788

TITLE: Peptide derivatives preparation as retroviral protease inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Kempf, Dale J.; Plattner, Jacob J.; Norbeck, Daniel W.; Boyd, Steven A.; Baker, William R.; Erickson, John W.; Fung, Anthony K. L.; Crowley, Steven R.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Abbott Laboratories, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 222 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 8910752	A1	19891116	WO 1989-US2055	19890512 <--
W: AU, DK, JP, KR, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE				
EP 342541	A2	19891123	EP 1989-108590	19890512 <--
EP 342541	A3	19911106		
R: ES, GR				
AU 8935660	A1	19891129	AU 1989-35660	19890512 <--
EP 415981	A1	19910313	EP 1989-905856	19890512 <--
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
JP 03504247	T2	19910919	JP 1989-506033	19890512 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1988-194678 19880513				
WO 1989-US2055 19890512				

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 114:247788

AB Peptide derivs. are prep'd. as retroviral protease inhibitors. Synthetic processes involved carbodiimide coupling, or coupling in combination with deprotection, and reaction with mixed anhydrides. Thus, N-methyl-1-cyclohexenecarboxamide was treated with BuLi in THF, treated with ClTi(OPr-iso)<sub>3</sub>, and then Boc-phenylalaninal to give N-methyl-6-[2-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino-1-hydroxy-3-phenyl]propyl-1-cyclohexenecarboxamide. This was then deprotected with HCl in dioxane to give N-methyl-6-(2-amino-1-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl)-1-cyclohexenecarboxamide-HCl (I). I was coupled with Boc-Leu-Asn in the presence of 180-BuO<sub>2</sub>CCl to give the amide.

IT 129740-82-5P 129740-98-3P 130216-63-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(prep'n. of)

L15 ANSWER 26 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:478603 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:78603

TITLE: Preparation of peptide derivatives of .beta.-chloro-L-(Z)-dehydroglutamic acid as antibacterials

INVENTOR(S): Morita, Yoshimi; Ando, Ryoichi; Takashima, Junko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Kasei Corp., Japan; Merck and Co., Inc.

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: Japanese  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 01013065	A2	19890117	JP 1987-166938	19870706 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1987-166938	19870706
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 111:78603				
AB Peptides contg. .beta.-chloro-L-(Z)-dehydroglutamic acid represented by (Z)-XNHCH(COY)CCl:CHCOZ [I; X = H, C-terminus residue of amino acid or peptide; Y, Z = (un)protected HO or N-terminus residue of amino acid or peptide optionally protected at CO2H group with same or different protective group; excluding the case where X = H and Y = Z = protected HO] were prepd. as antibacterials (no data). A soln. of .beta.-chloro-L-(Z)-dehydroglutamic acid and N-tert-butoxycarbonyl-L-alanine hydroxysuccinimide ester in EtOH and 0.3M aq. NaHCO3 was stirred overnight to give 81% BOC-Ala-L-(Z)-NHCH(CO2H)CCl:CHCO2H (BOC = Me3CO2C) which was treated 15 min at room temp. with HBr-satd. AcOH to give, after treatment with propylene oxide in EtOH, H-Ala-L-(Z)-NHCH(CO2H)CCl:CHCO2H.				
IT 121931-73-5P	RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and N-deprotection of)			
IT 121931-66-6P	RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as antibacterial)			

L15 ANSWER 27 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:439861 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:39861  
 TITLE: Preparation of peptides as renin inhibitors  
 INVENTOR(S): Hudspeth, James P.; Kaltenbronn, James S.; Lunney, Elizabeth A.; Repine, Joseph T.; Roark, W. Howard; Stier, Michael A.; Tinney, Francis J.; Woo, Peter W. K.; Nicolaides, Ernest D.  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Warner-Lambert Co., USA  
 SOURCE: U.S., 64 pp.  
 CODEN: USXXAM  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4743585	A	19880510	US 1986-920330	19861121 <--
WO 8803927	A2	19880602	WO 1987-US2820	19871021 <--
WO 8803927	A3	19880811		
W: AU, BB, BG, BR, DK, FI, HU, JP, KP, KR, LK, MC, MG, MW, NO, RO, SD, SU, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LU, NL, SE				
AU 8783361	A1	19880616	AU 1987-83361	19871021 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1986-920330	19861121
			WO 1987-US2820	19871021
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 111:39861				
AB R-X-An-Y-Bn-T-Cn-W-Dn-V-En-U [I; n = 0, 1, the compd. must contain .gtoreq.1 link where n = 1; R = CO2CMe3, CO2CH2Ph, valeryl, isovaleryl, isobutyryl, Bz, HO2C(CH2)3CO, Me3CCO; X = Phe, Trp, cyclohexyl-Ala, 1-naphthyl-Ala, homo-Phe, Phe(Me5), Val, Ile, Leu; Y = bond, Phe, His, His(CH2OCH2Ph), Gly, phenyl-Gly, Leu, Val, Ile, Orn, Orn(phthaloyl), Arg,				

Arg(NO<sub>2</sub>); T = sta, benzine or cyclotine residue, Leu, cyclohexyl-Ala, Phe; W = bond, Leu, Gly, Ile; V = bond, Leu, Ile; U = NHCH<sub>2</sub>Ph, NHCH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>NHCO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Ph)-3, NH<sub>2</sub>, OMe, OEt, etc.; A = CH<sub>2</sub>NH, CH<sub>2</sub>NOH, CH<sub>2</sub>S, CH<sub>2</sub>SO, CH:CH, CH(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>, CH(OH)CH(OH), COCH<sub>2</sub>, etc.; B = CH<sub>2</sub>NH; C = CH<sub>2</sub>NH, CH(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>, CH(OH)CH:CHCH<sub>2</sub>; D = CH<sub>2</sub>NH; E = CH<sub>2</sub>NH, CH<sub>2</sub>NHCO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Ph], useful for treatment of renin-assocd. hypertension and hyperaldosteronism, were prepd. A soln. of 0.5 H-Sta-Ala-Sta-NHCH<sub>2</sub>Ph, 0.5 [S-(E)]-5-[[[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-6-phenyl-3-hexenoic acid, and 0.5 mmol 1-hydroxybenzotriazole in DMF was cooled in ice and treated with a soln. of dicyclohexylcarbodiimide in DMF. After 1 h at 0.degree., the mixt. was stirred at room temp. overnight to give 240 mg [5S-[5R,6R,9R,13R,14R-(E),20R]]-20-benzyl-3,8,11,16-tetraoxo-1-phenyl-2,7,10,15,21-pentaazadocos-18-en-22-oic acid 1,1-dimethylethyl ester [BOC-Phe[CH=CH]Gly-Sta-Ala-Sta-NHCH<sub>2</sub>Ph] (BOC = CO<sub>2</sub>CMe<sub>3</sub>). I in vitro inhibited renin with IC<sub>50</sub> of 1.4 .times. 10<sup>-8</sup> to 6.3 .times. 10<sup>-5</sup> M.

IT **118405-39-3P**

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, as renin-inhibiting antihypertensive)

L15 ANSWER 28 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:76077 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:76077

TITLE: Preparation and testing of  
peptidylaminohydroxyalkenoates as renin inhibitors  
INVENTOR(S): Tanaka, Seiichi; Koike, Yutaka; Nakano, Masato;  
Atsuumi, Shugo; Morishima, Hajime; Matsuyama, Kenji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Banyu Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 30 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 272583	A2	19880629	EP 1987-118570	19871215 <--
EP 272583	A3	19900110		
EP 272583	B1	19930915		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE				
JP 63270649	A2	19881108	JP 1987-313886	19871211 <--
AT 94559	E	19931015	AT 1987-118570	19871215 <--
US 4927565	A	19900522	US 1987-133642	19871216 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1986-301596	19861219
			JP 1987-313886	19871211
			EP 1987-118570	19871215

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 110:76077

AB R1(NR2CHR3CO)n(NHCHR4CO)mNR5CHR6CH(OH)CH:CR7COR8 [I; R1, R2 = H, aralkyl, alkoxy carbonyl, aryloxy carbonyl, or alkyloxy carbonyl, (substituted) alkanoyl, carbamoyl; R3, R4, R6 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, amino acid residue; R5 = H, alkyl; R7 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, (substituted) aralkyl; R8 = OH, alkoxy, aryloxy, aralkoxy, etc.; m, n = 0, 1] and their salts, useful as antihypertensives, were prepd. L-Benzylloxycarbonylnaphthylalanyl-L-norleucine hydrazide in DMF/dioxane/HCl at -60.degree. was treated with isoamyl nitrite; the temp. was raised to -20.degree., brought back to -60.degree., and N-methylmorpholine and 4S,5S-5-amino-4-hydroxy-7-methyl-2(E)-octenoic acid isobutylamide were added. The mixt. was stirred overnight at 8.degree. to give 4S,5S-5-(L-N-benzylloxycarbonylnaphthylalanyl-L-norleucyl)amino-4-hydroxy-7-methyl-2(E)-octenoic acid isobutylamide. I inhibited human plasma renin with IC<sub>50</sub>'s of 14 .times. 10<sup>-6</sup> - 1.9

.times. 10-8 M.

IT 118741-32-5P 118741-33-6P 118741-34-7P  
 118741-40-5P 118741-41-6P 118741-42-7P  
 118741-43-8P 118741-44-9P 118741-45-0P  
 118779-12-7P 118865-57-9P 118865-58-0P  
 118865-59-1P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of, as renin inhibitor)

IT 118741-02-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. of, as renin inhibitor intermediate)

L15 ANSWER 29 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:423372 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:23372  
 TITLE: Synthesis and renin inhibitory activity of  
 angiotensinogen analogs having dehydrostatine,  
 Lue.psi.[CH2S]Val, or Lue.psi.[CH2SO] Val at the Pt,  
 Pl' cleavage site

AUTHOR(S): Smith, Clark W.; Saneii, Hossain H.; Sawyer, Tomi K.;  
 Pals, Donald T.; Scahill, Terrence A.; Kamdar, Bharat  
 V.; Lawson, Judy A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Biopolym. Chem. Unit, Upjohn Co., Kalamazoo, MI,  
 49001, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1988),  
 31(7), 1377-82  
 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 109:23372

AB Title angiotensinogen analogs H-Pro-His-Pro-Phe-His-Dhs-Ile-D-Lys-OH (I,  
 Dhs = dehydrostatine residue), H-Pro-His-Pro-Phe-His-Leu.psi.[CH2S]Val-Ile-  
 His-D-Lys-OH (.psi.[CH2S] = replacement of CONH with CH2S), and the  
 corresponding Leu.psi.[CH2SO]Val peptide were prepd. and their in vitro  
 renin-inhibiting potencies were detd. The above peptides were compared to  
 the corresponding statine (Sta), Leu.psi.[CH2NH]Val, and Phe-Phe analogs.  
 The Dhs pseudodipeptide was an adequate mimic of a trans CONH bond; I was  
 approx. equal in potency to a Phe-Phe-contg. inhibitor, but 100-fold less  
 potent than its Sta-substituted congener. That the enhanced potency of  
 the Sta-contg. peptide most likely depends on H bonding as well as  
 tetrahedral geometry is indicated by the 100-fold lower potency of the  
 tetrahedral Leu.psi.[CH2-S]Val and Leu.psi.[CH2SO]Val analogs as compared  
 to the Leu.psi.[CH2NH]Val-contg. congener.

IT 114423-48-2P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)  
 (prepn. and renin-inhibiting activity of)

L15 ANSWER 30 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:554753 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 107:154753  
 TITLE: Renin-inhibiting peptides for treatment of  
 hypertension and aldosteronism

INVENTOR(S): Raddatz, Peter; Hoelzemann, Guenter; Jonczyk, Alfred;  
 Schmitges, Claus J.; Minck, Klaus Otto; Radunz, Hans  
 Eckart; Sombroek, Johannes

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck Patent G.m.b.H.; Fed. Rep. Ger.

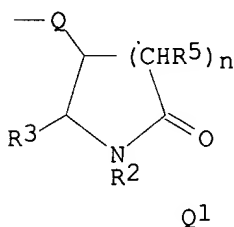
SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 43 pp.  
 CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 3512128	A1	19861009	DE 1985-3512128	19850403 <--
EP 198271	A2	19861022	EP 1986-103944	19860322 <--
EP 198271	A3	19900228		
EP 198271	B1	19930609		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE				
AT 90359	E	19930615	AT 1986-103944	19860322 <--
AU 8655302	A1	19861009	AU 1986-55302	19860326 <--
AU 591892	B2	19891221		
HU 42102	A2	19870629	HU 1986-1409	19860401 <--
HU 201776	B	19901228		
CA 1276390	A1	19901113	CA 1986-505553	19860401 <--
JP 61229851	A2	19861014	JP 1986-75635	19860403 <--
ZA 8602484	A	19861126	ZA 1986-2484	19860403 <--
ES 553691	A1	19870801	ES 1986-553691	19860403 <--
US 4755592	A	19880705	US 1986-847977	19860403 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1985-3512128	19850403
			EP 1986-103944	19860322

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 107:154753  
 GI



AB X-Z-W-E-W1-Y [X = H, R1O(CH2)nCO, R1(CH2)nO2C, R1SO2, (9-fluorenylalkoxy)carbonyl, etc.; Z = 0-4 amino acid residues chosen from Ala, Arg, Asn, Gln, Ile, Lys, Orn, Pro, Val, etc.; W, W1 = NR2CHR3CHR4(CHR5)nCO; E = 0-2 amino acid residues chosen from Abu (2-aminobutanoic acid), Ala, Ile, Leu, Met, Nle, Val; Y = O(CH2)t R6, NH(CH2)tR6, amino; W1 - Y = Q1; R1, R3 = alkyl, aryl, (substituted) cycloalkyl, etc.; R1, R5, R6 = H, alkyl; R4 = OH, NH2; Q = O, NH; n, t = 0-5, r = 1, 2] (I) were prepd. as renin inhibitors useful for the treatment of hypertension and aldosteronism (no data). Thus, Me 3-oxo-4(S)-[3(S)-hydroxy-4(S)-(tert-butoxycarbonylphenylalanylhistidylstatylisoleucyl)-6-methylheptanoate was oximated and hydrogenated to give BOC-Phe-His-Sta-Ile-DAMH-OMe [DAMH = NHCN(CH2CHMe2)CH(NH2)CH2CO] (II). A soln. for injection was prepd. contg. 100 g II and 5 g Na2HPO4 in 3 L H2O, the mixt. being brought to pH 6.5 with 2 N HCl.

IT 109291-95-4  
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (condensation of, with benzylamine)

L15 ANSWER 31 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:553553 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:153553  
 TITLE: Diamino acid derivatives  
 INVENTOR(S): Raddatz, Peter; Schmitges, Claus  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck Patent G.m.b.H., Fed. Rep. Ger.  
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 33 pp.



DOCUMENT TYPE: CODEN: GWXXBX  
 LANGUAGE: Patent  
 German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 3418491	A1	19851121	DE 1984-3418491	19840518 <--
EP 161588	A2	19851121	EP 1985-105391	19850503 <--
EP 161588	A3	19870616		
EP 161588	B1	19900816		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE				
AT 55612	E	19900915	AT 1985-105391	19850503 <--
AU 8542285	A1	19851121	AU 1985-42285	19850510 <--
AU 587186	B2	19890810		
CA 1268597	A1	19900501	CA 1985-481660	19850516 <--
ES 543258	A1	19860101	ES 1985-543258	19850517 <--
JP 61017546	A2	19860125	JP 1985-104118	19850517 <--
ZA 8503762	A	19860129	ZA 1985-3762	19850517 <--
HU 40072	A2	19861128	HU 1985-1867	19850517 <--
HU 200478	B	19900628		
US 4666888	A	19870519	US 1985-735247	19850517 <--
US 4746649	A	19880524	US 1987-33366	19870402 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 1984-3418491	19840518
			EP 1985-105391	19850503
			US 1985-735247	19850517

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 105:153553

AB R-Z-NHCH(CH<sub>2</sub>R<sub>1</sub>)CH(NH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CO-Z<sub>1</sub>-Z<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>2</sub> [I; R = H, R<sub>3</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>CO, R<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>C, R<sub>3</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub> CO where R<sub>3</sub> = alkyl and n = 0-5; R<sub>1</sub> = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl; R<sub>2</sub> = (un)substituted alkyloxy, (un)substituted alkylamino, (un)substituted amino; Z = a chain contg. 0-4 amino acid residues; Z<sub>1</sub> = --, Ala, Gly, Ile, Leu, Met, Ser, Thr, Val; Z<sub>2</sub> = His, Phe, Trp, Tyr, NHCH(CH<sub>2</sub>R<sub>1</sub>)CH(NH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CO], useful as antihypertensives and hyperaldosteronism inhibitors (no data), were prepd. Thus, (4S)-Me<sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>CH(NHCO<sub>2</sub>CMe<sub>3</sub>)COCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Me in MeOH contg. NH<sub>4</sub>OAc was treated with Na(CN)BH<sub>3</sub> at 20.degree. for 12 h to give a mixt. of (3S, 4S)- and (3R, 4S)- Me<sub>2</sub>CHCH<sub>2</sub>CH(NHCO<sub>2</sub>CMe<sub>3</sub>)CH(NH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Me. Coupling of (3S)-FMOC-amino-(4S)-BOC-amino-6-methylheptanoic acid (FMOC = 9-fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl; BOC = tert-butoxycarbonyl) with the appropriate protected amino acids gave, after deprotection and treatment with HCl, I (R = H; R<sub>1</sub> = Me<sub>2</sub>CH; R<sub>2</sub> = NH<sub>2</sub>; Z = His-Pro-Phe-His; Z<sub>1</sub> = Ile; Z<sub>2</sub> = Phe) HCl (II). An injection was prepd. from 1 kg II, 50 g Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub> and 30 L H<sub>2</sub>O (pH adjusted to 6.5 with 2N HCl).

IT 104021-75-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (prepn. and reaction of)

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 E1 THROUGH E199 ASSIGNED

=> fil reg  
 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:31:59 ON 29 MAY 2003  
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 28 MAY 2003 HIGHEST RN 521913-14-4

DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 28 MAY 2003 HIGHEST RN 521913-14-4

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 6, 2003

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Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP  
PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties  
in the CAS Registry File, for complete details:  
<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf>

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L16 ANSWER 1 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 199007-58-4 REGISTRY

CN L-Phenylalaninamide, N-[4-[(methylamino)carbonyl]benzoyl]-L-leucyl-N-  
[(1S,2E)-1-(3-amino-3-oxopropyl)-4-ethoxy-4-oxo-2-butenyl]- (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)

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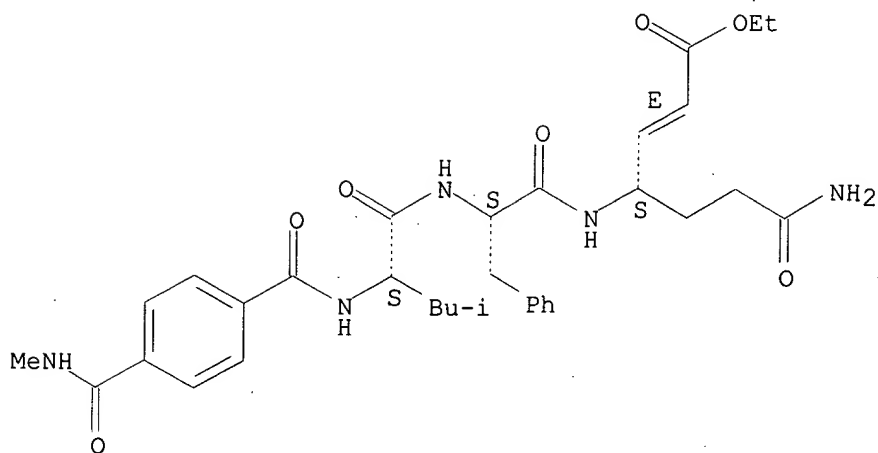
MF C33 H43 N5 O7

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



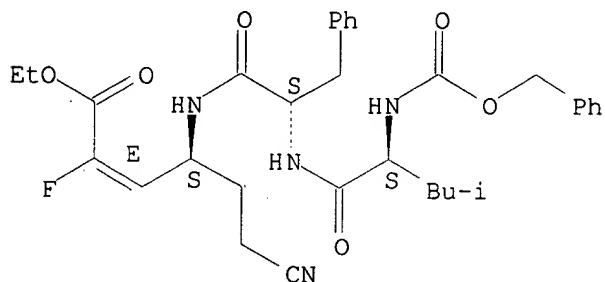
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1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 128:13442

L16 ANSWER 2 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
RN **199006-67-2** REGISTRY  
CN L-Phenylalaninamide, N-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-leucyl-N-[(1S,2E)-1-(2-cyanoethyl)-4-ethoxy-3-fluoro-4-oxo-2-butenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
FS STEREOSEARCH  
MF C32 H39 F N4 O6  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

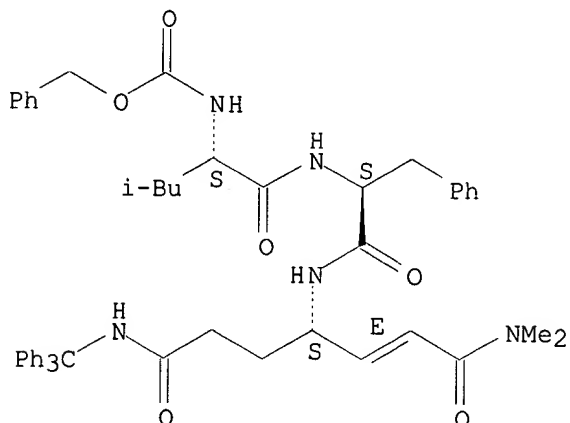
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REFERENCE 1: 128:13442

L16 ANSWER 16 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
RN **199005-84-0** REGISTRY  
CN L-Phenylalaninamide, N-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-leucyl-N-[(1S,2E)-4-(dimethylamino)-4-oxo-1-[3-oxo-3-[(triphenylmethyl)amino]propyl]-2-

butenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C51 H57 N5 O6  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry as shown.



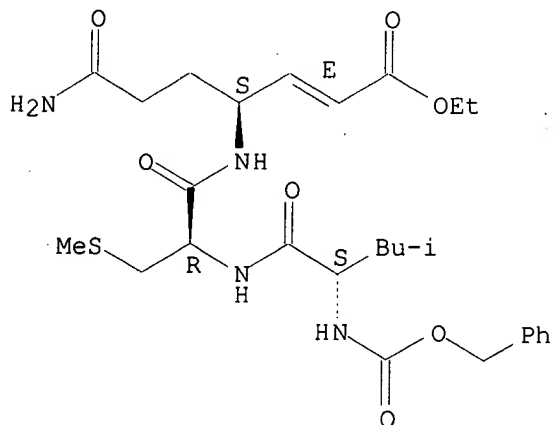
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1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 128:13442

L16 ANSWER 63 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 199004-99-4 REGISTRY  
 CN L-Cysteinamide, N-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-leucyl-N-[(1S,2E)-1-(3-amino-3-oxopropyl)-4-ethoxy-4-oxo-2-butenyl]-S-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C27 H40 N4 O7 S  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry as shown.



## \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:156470

REFERENCE 2: 128:13442

L16 ANSWER 111 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 199003-95-7 REGISTRY.

CN L-Phenylalaninamide, N-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-leucyl-N-[(1S,2E)-1-(3-amino-3-oxopropyl)-4-(cyclohexyloxy)-4-oxo-2-butenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

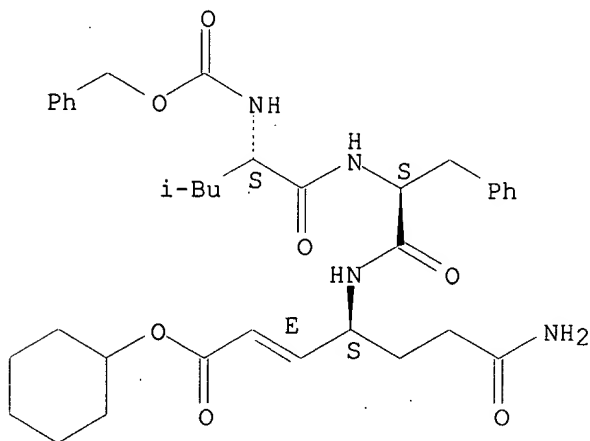
MF C36 H48 N4 O7

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



## \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
 2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:189656

REFERENCE 2: 128:13442

L16 ANSWER 128 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 192193-34-3 REGISTRY

CN Glycinamide, N-(4-methoxy-1,4-dioxobutyl)-L-valyl-N-[(1E)-2-(acetyloxy)-3-methoxy-1-(1-methylethyl)-3-oxo-1-propenyl]-N2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C22 H35 N3 O9

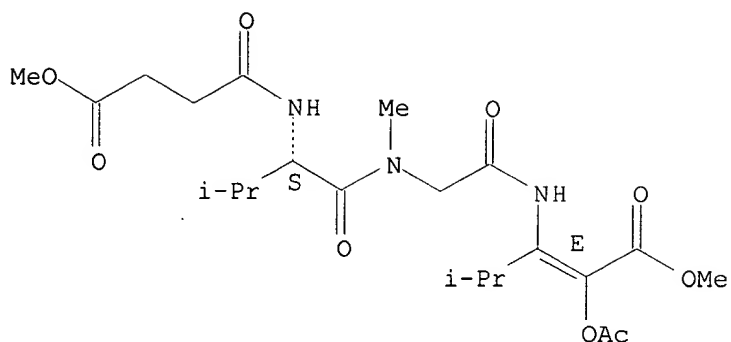
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LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.





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2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 131:170645

REFERENCE 2: 127:95620

L16 ANSWER 130 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN **187991-72-6** REGISTRY

CN L-Alaninamide, N-(9H-xanthen-9-ylcarbonyl)-L-valyl-N-[(1S,2E)-4-ethoxy-1-(2-methylpropyl)-4-oxo-2-butenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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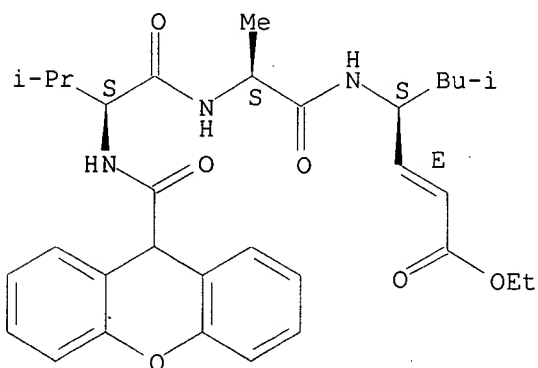
MF C32 H41 N3 O6

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry as shown.



page 8

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

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1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 126:212446

L16 ANSWER 142 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN **175168-04-4** REGISTRY

CN Glycinamide, L-leucyl-L-lysyl-2,3-didehydro-.alpha.-aspartyl-L-

phenylalanyl-L-arginyl-L-valyl-L-tyrosyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-arginyl-L-  
 .alpha.-glutamylglycyl-L-arginyl-L-.alpha.-aspartyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-  
 L-tryptophyl-L-lysylglycyl-L-prolyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH

MF C114 H170 N34 O28

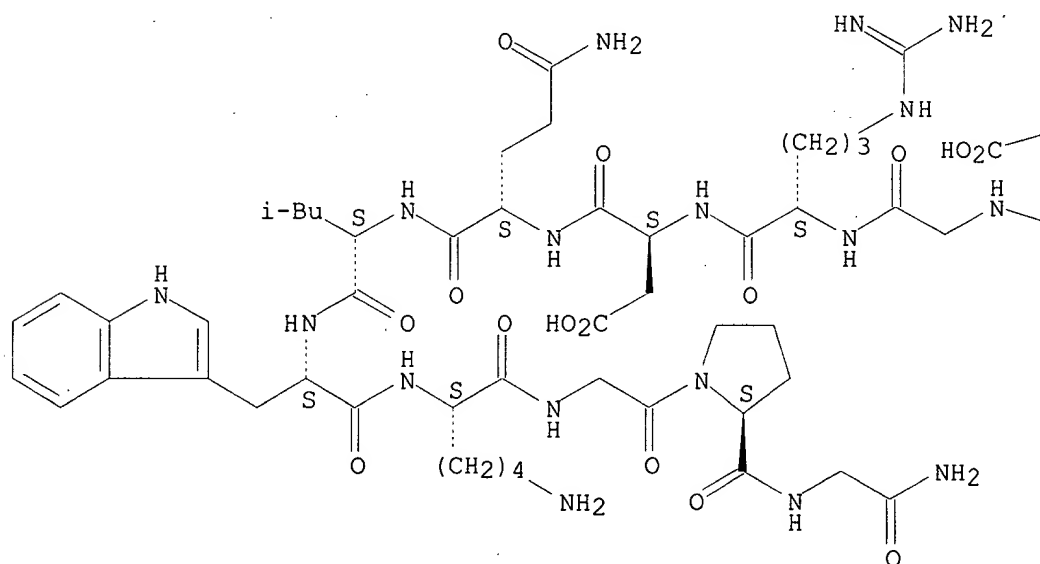
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LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

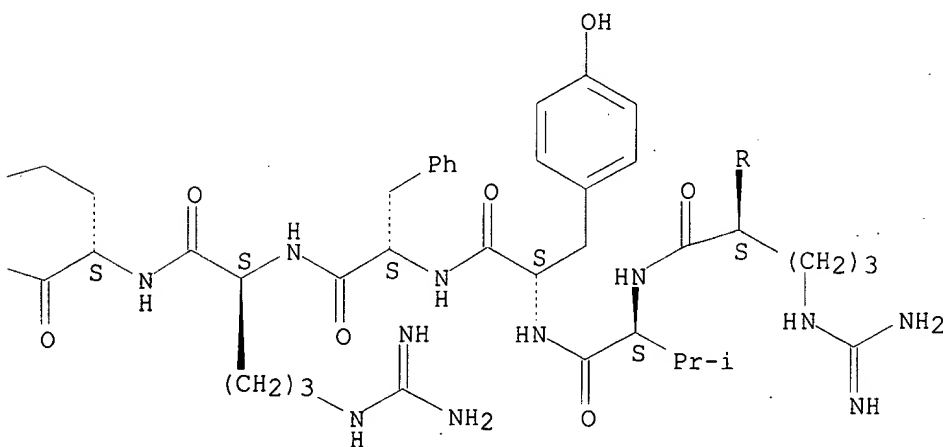
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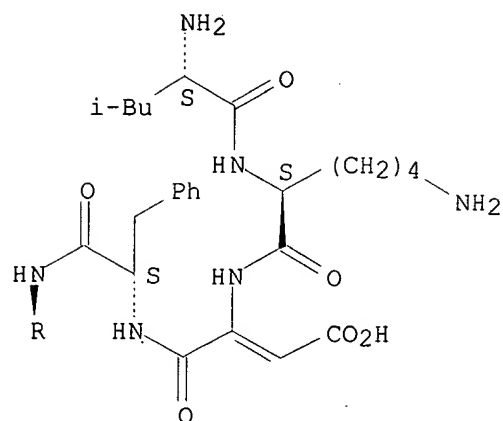
Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry unknown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B





1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 124:249227

L16 ANSWER 143 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 171662-73-0 REGISTRY

CN L-Arginine, N-[4-[(N2-D-arginyl-L-arginyl)amino]-1-oxo-2-butenyl]-L-seryl-D-phenylalanyl-L-(2.alpha., 3a.beta., 7a.beta.)-octahydro-1H-indole-2-carbonyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH

MF C43 H70 N16 O9

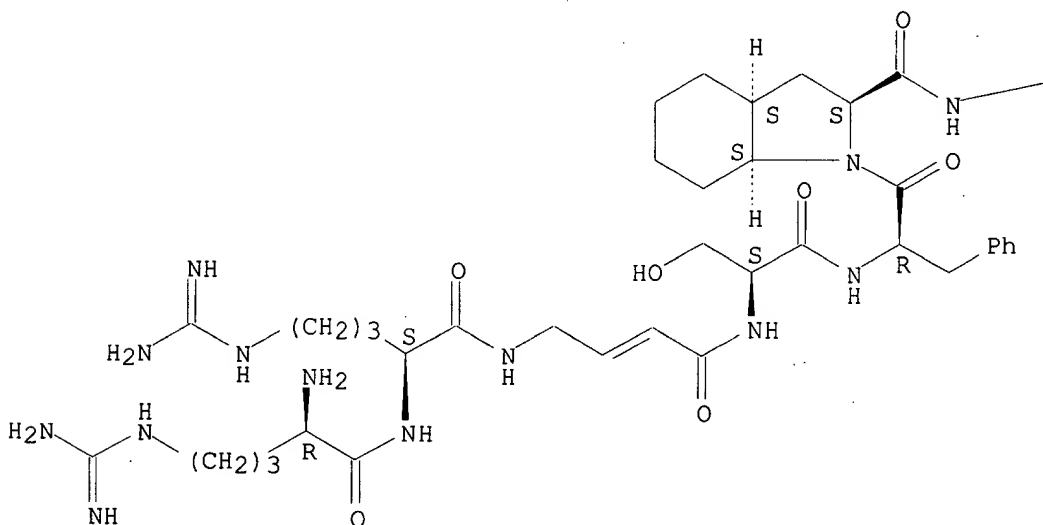
SR CA

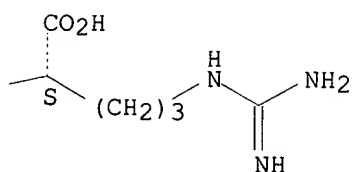
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry unknown.

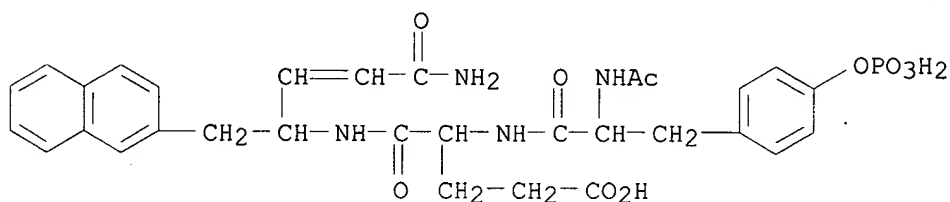




1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 124:56728

L16 ANSWER 146 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
RN **171357-91-8** REGISTRY  
CN L-.alpha.-Glutamine, N2-(N-acetyl-O-phosphono-L-tyrosyl)-N-[4-amino-1-(2-naphthalenylmethyl)-4-oxo-2-butenyl]-, [R-(E)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
MF C31 H35 N4 O10 P  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

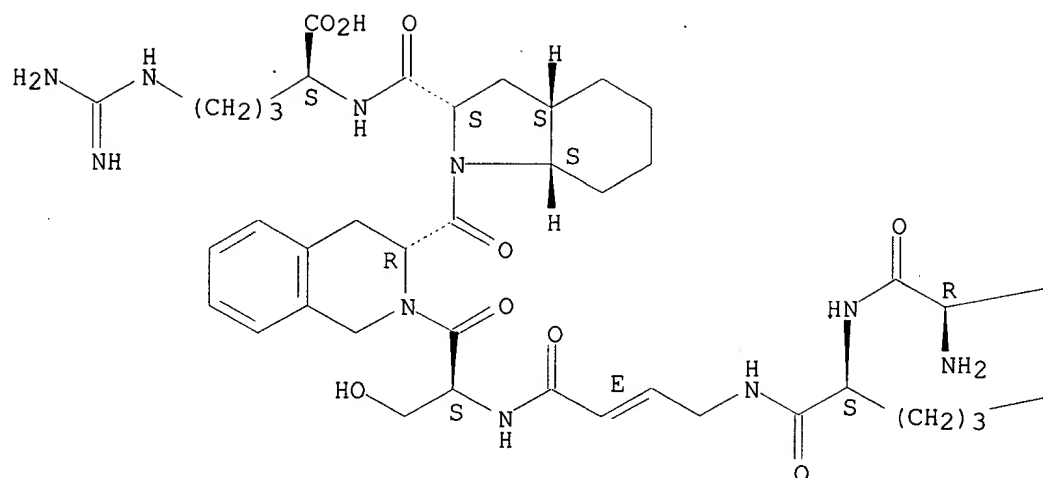
REFERENCE 1: 124:9413

L16 ANSWER 147 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
RN **168824-56-4** REGISTRY  
CN L-Arginine, D-arginyl-L-arginyl-(2E)-4-amino-2-butenoyl-L-seryl-(3R)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-isoquinolinecarbonyl-(2S,3aS,7aS)-octahydro-1H-indole-2-carbonyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:  
CN L-Arginine, N-[4-[(N2-D-arginyl-L-arginyl)amino]-1-oxo-2-butenyl]-L-seryl-D-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-3-isoquinolinecarbonyl-L-(2.alpha.,3a.beta.,7a.beta.)-octahydro-1H-indole-2-carbonyl-, (E)-  
FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH  
MF C44 H70 N16 O9  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

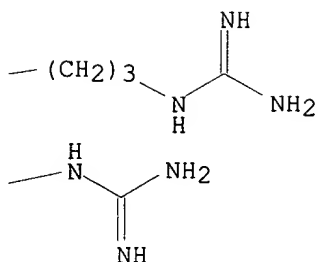
\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



4 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
 4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 129:290436

REFERENCE 2: 125:196389

REFERENCE 3: 124:56728

REFERENCE 4: 123:257408

L16 ANSWER 148 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 164785-49-3 REGISTRY

CN L-Isoleucinamide, N-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-isoleucyl-N-[1-(1H-indol-3-ylmethyl)-4-methoxy-4-oxo-2-butenyl]-, [S-(E)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

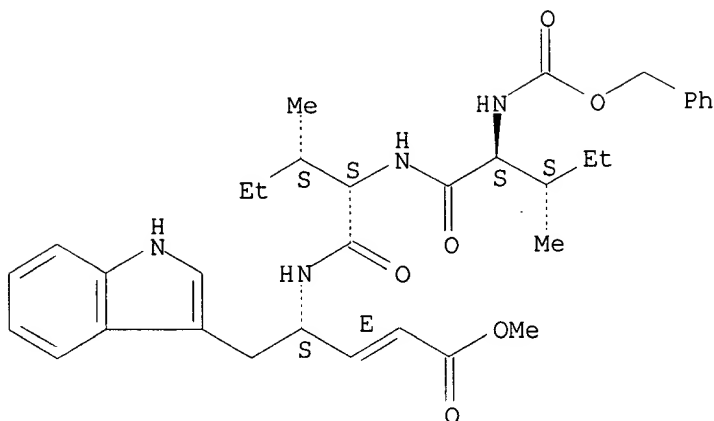
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C34 H44 N4 O6

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry as shown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 123:84007

L16 ANSWER 149 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN **159392-12-8** REGISTRY

CN Glycinamide, L-valyl-N-methyl-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-D-alanyl-N-methyl-L-leucyl-N-methyl-L-leucyl-N-methyl-L-valyl-(3R,4R,6E)-6,7-didehydro-3-hydroxy-N,4-dimethyl-L-2-aminooctanoyl-L-2-aminobutanoyl-N-[1-(2-carboxyethenyl)-3-methylbutyl]-N,N2-dimethyl-, [S-(E)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH

MF C64 H115 N11 O13

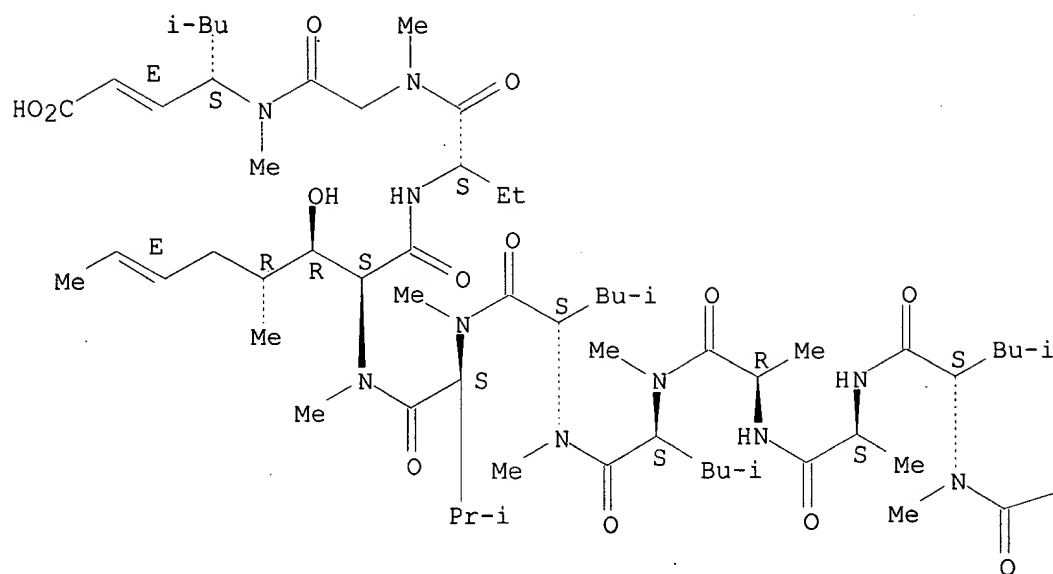
SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

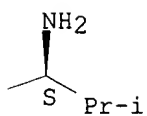
\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).  
Double bond geometry as shown.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

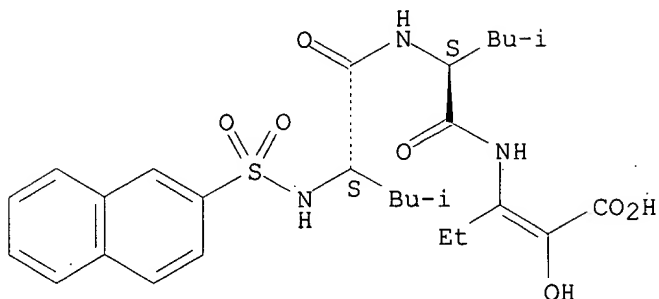


1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 122:10659

L16 ANSWER 155 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 153370-32-2 REGISTRY  
 CN L-Leucinamide, N-(2-naphthalenylsulfonyl)-L-leucyl-N-[1-(carboxyhydroxymethylene)propyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C27 H37 N3 O7 S  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER

Absolute stereochemistry.  
Double bond geometry unknown.

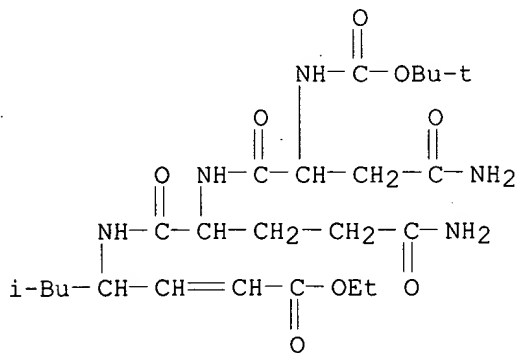


\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 120:153723

L16 ANSWER 158 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
RN **152378-15-9** REGISTRY  
CN L-Glutamamide, N2-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-asparaginyl-N1-[4-ethoxy-1-(2-methylpropyl)-4-oxo-2-butenyl]-, [S-(E)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
MF C24 H41 N5 O8  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

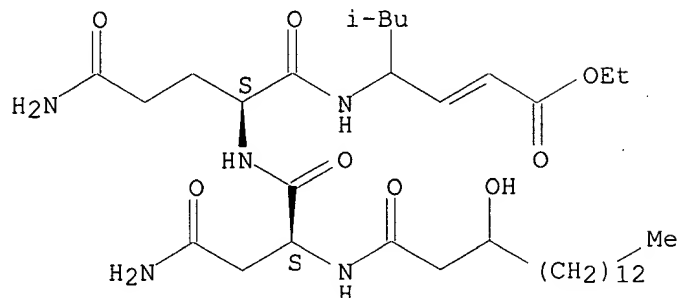
REFERENCE 1: 120:77643

L16 ANSWER 159 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
RN **152338-63-1** REGISTRY  
CN L-Glutamamide, N2-(3-hydroxy-1-oxohexadecyl)-L-asparaginyl-N1-[4-ethoxy-1-(2-methylpropyl)-4-oxo-2-butenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
FS STEREOSEARCH



MF C35 H63 N5 O8  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry unknown.

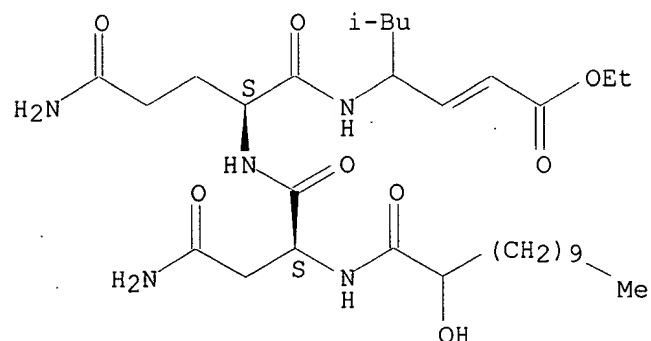


1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 120:77643

L16 ANSWER 161 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 146508-96-5 REGISTRY  
 CN L-Glutamamide, N2-(2-hydroxy-1-oxododecyl)-L-asparaginyl-N1-[4-ethoxy-1-(2-methylpropyl)-4-oxo-2-butenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C31 H55 N5 O8  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry unknown.



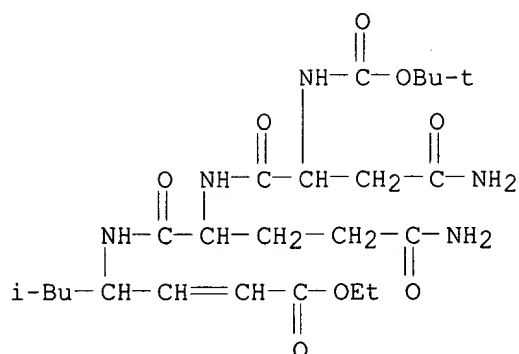
\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 118:148069

L16 ANSWER 165 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN 146026-89-3 REGISTRY  
 CN L-Glutamamide, N2-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-asparaginyl-N1-[4-ethoxy-1-(2-methylpropyl)-4-oxo-2-butenyl]-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MF C24 H41 N5 O8  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

3 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
 3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 118:148070

REFERENCE 2: 118:148069

REFERENCE 3: 118:102476

L16 ANSWER 166 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN **145731-21-1** REGISTRY

CN L-Leucinamide, N-(2-naphthalenylsulfonyl)-L-leucyl-N-[3-ethoxy-2-  
 [(ethoxyoxoacetyl)oxy]-1-ethyl-3-oxo-1-propenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

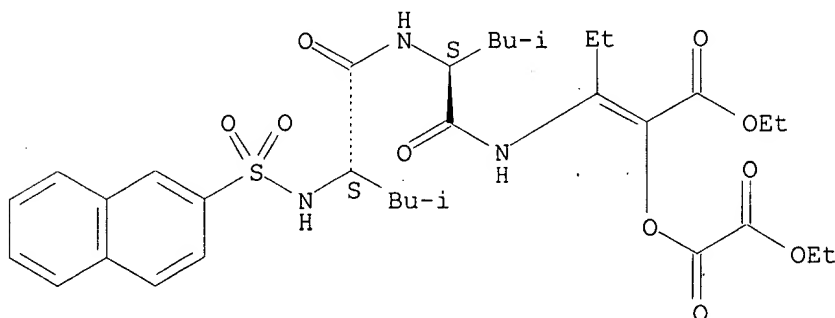
FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C33 H45 N3 O10 S

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry unknown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 118:81438

L16 ANSWER 169 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN **144408-31-1** REGISTRY

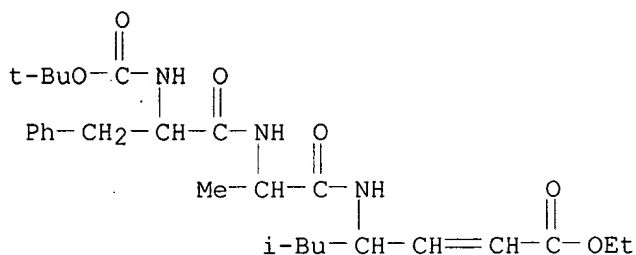
CN L-Alaninamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-D-phenylalanyl-N-[4-ethoxy-1-(2-methylpropyl)-4-oxo-2-butenyl]-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MF C27 H41 N3 O6

SR CA

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN\*, CA, CAPLUS

(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 118:125001

L16 ANSWER 170 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN **144345-56-2** REGISTRY

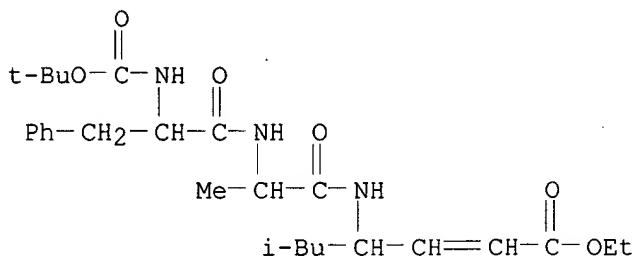
CN L-Alaninamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-phenylalanyl-N-[4-ethoxy-1-(2-methylpropyl)-4-oxo-2-butenyl]-, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MF C27 H41 N3 O6

SR CA

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN\*, CA, CAPLUS

(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

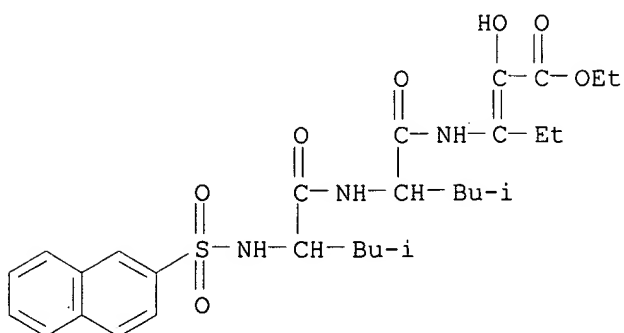
REFERENCE 1: 118:125001

L16 ANSWER 171 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN **144231-97-0** REGISTRY

CN L-Leucinamide, N-(2-naphthalenylsulfonyl)-L-leucyl-N-(3-ethoxy-1-ethyl-2-

hydroxy-3-oxo-1-propenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 MF C29 H41 N3 O7 S  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

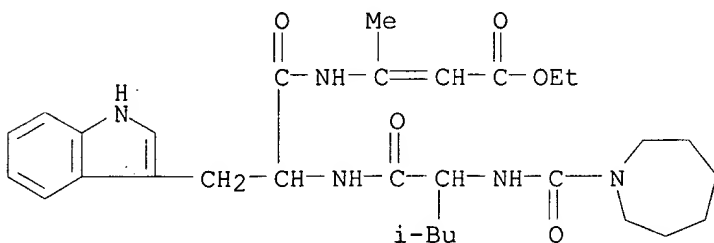


\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 118:822

L16 ANSWER 174 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN **141661-07-6** REGISTRY  
 CN D-Tryptophanamide, N-[(hexahydro-1H-azepin-1-yl)carbonyl]-L-leucyl-N-(3-ethoxy-1-methyl-3-oxo-1-propenyl)-, (E)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 MF C30 H43 N5 O5  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

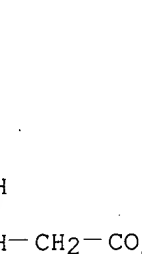
REFERENCE 1: 116:256053

L16 ANSWER 175 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN **141595-35-9** REGISTRY  
 CN D-Tryptophanamide, N-[(hexahydro-1H-azepin-1-yl)carbonyl]-L-leucyl-N-(3-ethoxy-1-methyl-3-oxo-1-propenyl)-, (Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 MF C30 H43 N5 O5  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL

TE)

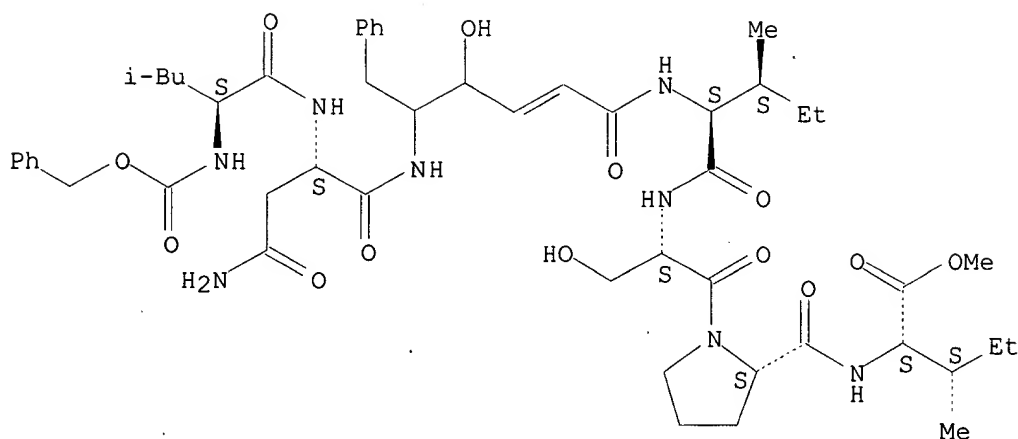
4-[[2-[[1  
ethyl]ami  
I) (CA I

heptanoic



TE)

1-5-[ [N2-  
]amino]-2  
) (CA IN



1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 114:247788

L16 ANSWER 178 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN **129740-98-3** REGISTRY

CN L-Aspartamide, N-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-leucyl-N1-[2-hydroxy-5-[(3-methylbutyl)amino]-5-oxo-1-(phenylmethyl)-3-pentenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

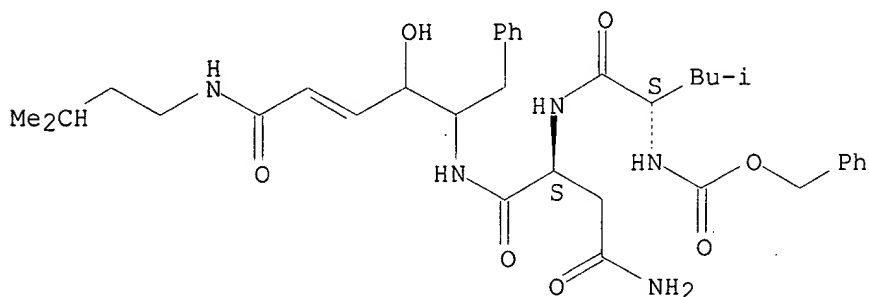
MF C35 H49 N5 O7

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry unknown.



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 114:247788

L16 ANSWER 180 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

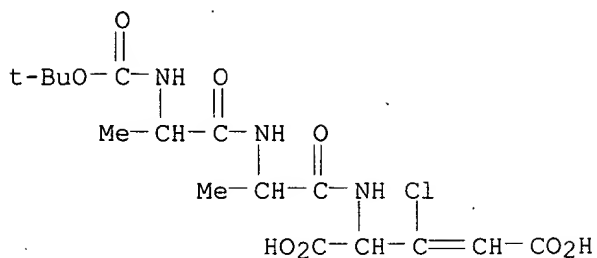
RN **121931-73-5** REGISTRY

CN L-Glutamic acid, 3-chloro-3,4-didehydro-N-[N-[N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-alanyl]-L-alanyl]-, (Z)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MF C16 H24 Cl N3 O8

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 116:106810

REFERENCE 2: 111:78603

L16 ANSWER 182 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

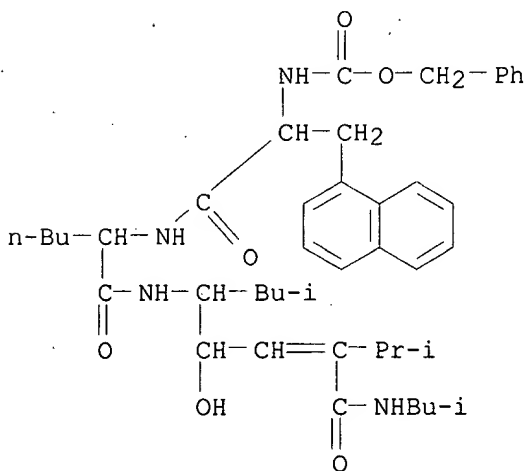
RN 118865-59-1 REGISTRY

CN L-Norleucinamide, 3-(1-naphthalenyl)-N-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-alanyl-N-[2-hydroxy-5-methyl-1-(2-methylpropyl)-4-[[2-methylpropyl)amino]carbonyl]-3-hexenyl]-, [S-[R\*,R\*-(Z)]]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

MF C43 H60 N4 O6

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)

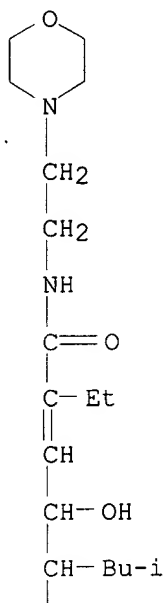
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 110:76077

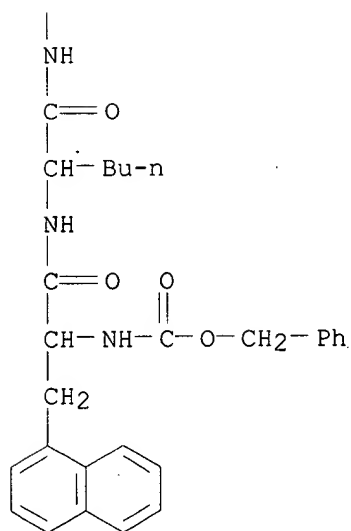
L16 ANSWER 185 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 118779-12-7 REGISTRY  
 CN L-Norleucinamide, 3-(1-naphthalenyl)-N-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-alanyl-  
 N-[2-hydroxy-1-(2-methylpropyl)-4-[[[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]amino]carbonyl  
 ]-3-hexenyl]-, [S-[R\*,R\*-(E)]]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 MF C44 H61 N5 O7  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

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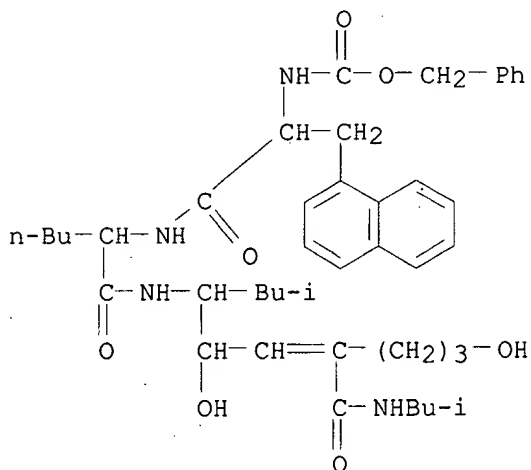
\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*



1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 110:76077

L16 ANSWER 186 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN **118741-45-0** REGISTRY  
 CN L-Norleucinamide, 3-(1-naphthalenyl)-N-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]-L-alanyl-  
 N-[2,7-dihydroxy-1-(2-methylpropyl)-4-[[[(2-methylpropyl)amino]carbonyl]-3-  
 heptenyl]-, [S-[R\*,R\*-(E)]]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 MF C43 H60 N4 O7  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

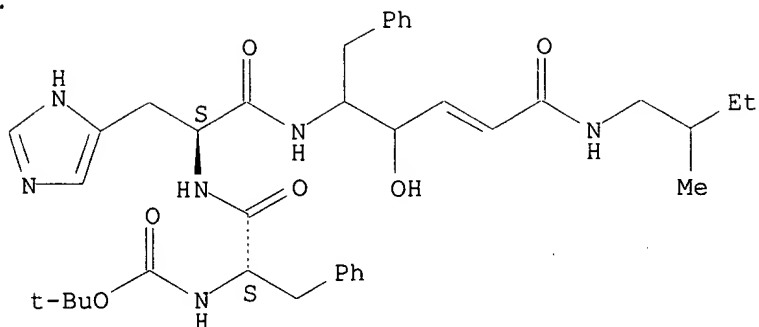


1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 110:76077

L16 ANSWER 196 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS  
 RN **118405-39-3** REGISTRY  
 CN L-Histidinamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-phenylalanyl-N-[2-  
 hydroxy-5-[(2-methylbutyl)amino]-5-oxo-1-(phenylmethyl)-3-pentenyl]- (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C37 H50 N6 O6  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

Absolute stereochemistry.  
 Double bond geometry unknown.



1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 111:39861

L16 ANSWER 197 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN **114423-48-2** REGISTRY

CN D-Lysine, N2-[N-[N-[6-methyl-1-oxo-4-[[N-[N-[1-(N-L-prolyl-L-histidyl)-L-prolyl]-L-phenylalanyl]-L-histidyl]amino]-2-heptenyl]-L-isoleucyl]-L-histidyl]-, [S-(E)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

MF C57 H82 N16 O10

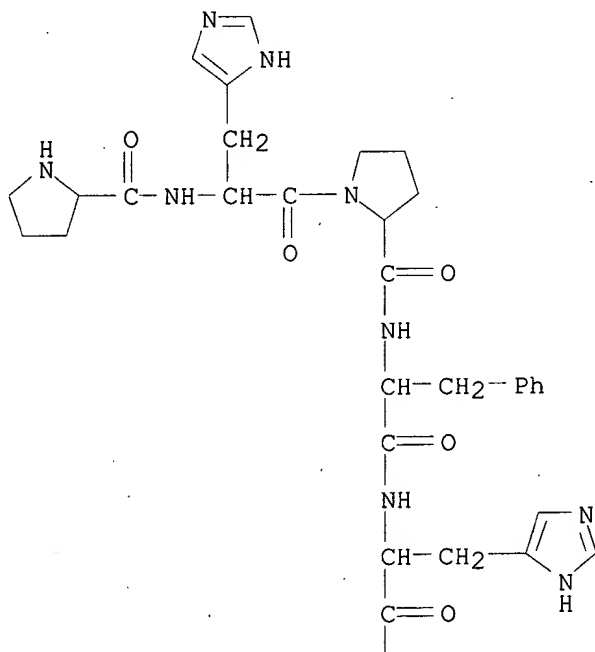
SR CA

LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN\*, CA, CAPLUS

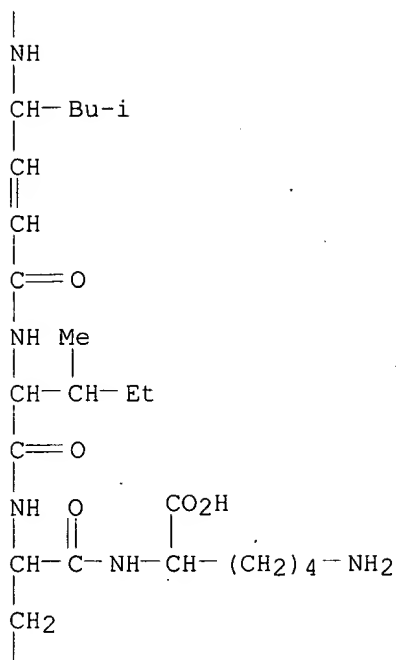
(\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

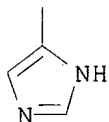
PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



PAGE 3-A



1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 109:23372

L16 ANSWER 198 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN **109291-95-4** REGISTRY

CN L-Histidinamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-phenylalanyl-N-[4-[[1-[[[2-hydroxy-4-methoxy-1-(2-methylpropyl)-4-oxobutyl]amino]carbonyl]-2-methylbutyl]amino]-1-(2-methylpropyl)-4-oxo-2-butenyl]-, stereoisomer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

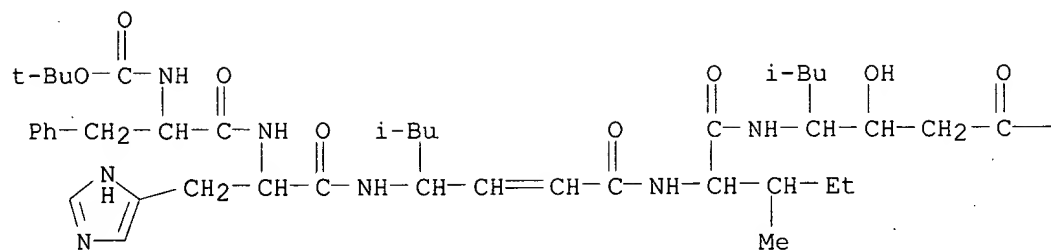
FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

MF C43 H67 N7 O9

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B

— OMe

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 107:154753

L16 ANSWER 199 OF 199 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 104021-75-2 REGISTRY

CN L-Histidinamide, N-[(1,1-dimethylethoxy)carbonyl]-L-phenylalanyl-N-[4-[[2-methyl-1-[[[(2-phenylethyl)amino]carbonyl]butyl]amino]-1-(2-methylpropyl)-4-oxo-2-butenyl]-, [1S-[1R\*(R\*),2R\*]]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

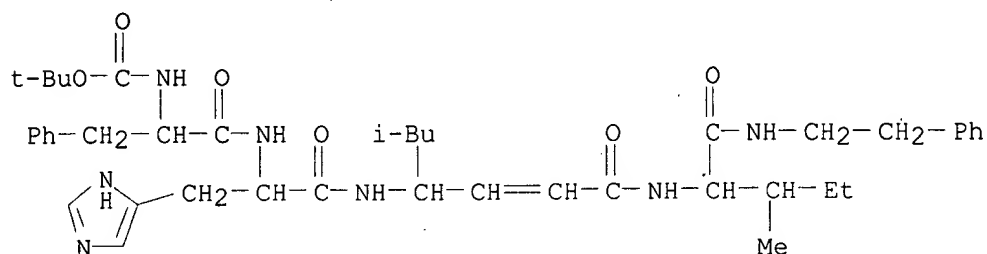
FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

MF C42 H59 N7 O6

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, USPATFULL

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*



1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1957 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1957 TO DATE)

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**Sent:** Thursday, May 29, 2003 5:52 PM  
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AU Reetz, Manfred T

Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl., 1992, 31(12), 1626-9